The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

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CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.

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BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves & tinware, Main st., above court house. v1-n43

A. M. RUPERT, stoves and tinware, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. v1-n43

CLOTHING, &C.

D. LOWENBERG, merchant tailor, Main st., 2d door above American house. v1-n43

J. W. CHEMBERLIN, wholesale and retail dealer in clothing, etc.; Hartman's building, Main street. v1-n43

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &C.

L. N. MOYER, druggist and apothecary, Exchange block Main st. v1-n43

E. P. LUTZ, druggist and apothecary, Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. v1-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

LOUIS BERNHARD, watch and clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in clocks, watches and jewelry, Main st., just below American House. v1-n43

R. CATHCART, watch and clock maker, Market st., below Main. v1-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. M. BROWN, boot and shoemaker, Main street opposite Court House. v1-n43

A. SOLLEDER, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, Main st., opposite Episcopal church v1-n43

HENRY KLEIM manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes, groceries etc., East Bloomsburg Main st. v1-n43

DAVID BETZ, boot and shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market street. v1-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

J. E. EVANS, M. D. surgeon and physician south side Main st., below Market. v1-n43

D. R. B. F. Kinney surgeon dentist, teeth extracted without pain. Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. v1-n36

J. R. M'KELVY, M. D, surgeon and physician north side Main st., below Market. v1-n43

J. C. BUTTER, M. D. surgeon and Physician, Market st., above Main. v1-n43

D. R. H. C. HOWER, surgeon dentist, Main st., above court house. v1-n43

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main Street. v2-n29

E. R IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3n1

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, milliner, Ramsey building, Main st. v1-n43

MISS A. D. WERR, fancy goods, notions, books, stationery, north side Main street below Market. v1-n43

E. PETERMAN, millinery and fancy goods opposite Episcopal church, Main st. v1-n43

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, ladies cloaks and dress patterns, southeast corner Main and west st. v1-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, millinery and fancy goods Main st., opposite Court House. v1-n44

MRS. M. B. FURMAN, milliner, Main st., below M. Herman's store, west of Market st. v2-

THE MISSES HARMAN millinery and fancy goods, Main street, just below American house. v1-n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

J. LEACOCK, oyster and eating saloon, American House, Main st., Buttzer Leacock superintendent. v1-n43

WIDMYER & JACOBY, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange block, Main st. v1-n43

FOX & WEBB, confectionery, bakery, and oyster saloon, wholesale and retail, Main st., just below Iron. v1-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

AMERICAN HOUSE, by JOHN LEACOCK, Main st., west of Iron street. v1-n43

FORKS HOTEL, by G. W. MAUGER, east end of Main st. v1-n43

D. STOHNER, refreshment saloon, Main st., just above court house. v1-n43

KOONS & CLARK, refreshment saloon, Exchange hotel. v1-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

P. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc Main st., above Court House, v1-n46

S. H. MILLER, dealer in dry goods, groceries, queensware, flour, salt, shoes, notions, etc. Exchange block, Main street, v1-n46

M'KELVY NEAL & Co., dealers in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n43

H. C. HOWER, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Main st., above Court House. v1-n43

C. C. MARR, dry goods and notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

J. J. BROWER, dry goods, groceries, etc., northwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

A. BECKLEY, Keystone shoe store, books and stationery, southwest corner Market and Main sts. v1-n43

WILLIAM ERASMUS, confectioneries, Main st., near the railroad. v1-n43

T. MENDENHALL, general stock of merchandise, Main number, corner of Main street and Berwick road. v1-n43

T. J. ROBBINS, dealer in dry goods groceries etc. Shive's block, Main st., below Iron v1-n43

J. K. GINTON, Groceries & Provisions, southeast corner Main and Iron Streets. v1-n44

J. SLOAN, dealer in choice dry goods, Housekeeping goods, fresh groceries, etc., etc. Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

J. K. EYER, groceries and general merchandise Main st., above West. v1-n43

T. SHARPLESS, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, etc., Rupert block, Main st., west of Market. v1-n43

J. CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Scottown, south side, two doors above Brobst's wagonmaker shop. v-n18,

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. CORELL, furniture rooms, three story brick on Main st., west of Market st. v1-n43

J. THORNTON, wall paper, window shades, and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. v1-n43

H. ROSENSTOCK, photographer, Exchange block, Main st., opposite court house. v1-n43

N. W. SAMPLE & CO. Machinists, East Bloomsburg near railroad. Castings made at short notice machinery made and repaired. v2-n23

S. KUHN, dealer in meat tallow, etc., Chemform's alley, back of American house. v1-n43

J. BIDEEMAN, Agent Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod. v2-n19

J. B. FURSELL, saddle, trunk and harness maker, Main st., below court, house. v1-n46

J. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and fancy Tanner, Scottown, v1-n47

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, of all kinds, planing mill near the rail-road. v1-n46

WITMAN, marble works, near southwest corner Main and Market sts. v1-n43

H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms v1-n43

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

W. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n43

JOHN A. FUNSTON, mutual and cash rates fire insurance company, northeast corner Main and West sts. v1-n43

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. v1-n47

ORANGEVILLE DIRECTORY.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, physician and surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel. v1-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment saloon, by Wm. Mastellar cor. of Main and Pine st. v1-n47

SWAN HOTEL, the upper house by John Snyder, Main st., above Pine. v1-n47

HARMAN BROTHERS, Tanners and manufacturers of leather, on Main st., below Goods' Hotel. v2-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. v1-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in dry goods, groceries, lumber and general Merchandise Main st. v1-n47

JOHN FRYMIRE, saddle and harness maker Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v1-n47

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant tailor and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the brick hotel. v1-n47

M. S. HAYHURST, Clocks, Watches and Guns repaired, Guns and Watches for sale, Main St., below Pine. v1-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker, and Undertaker. Main St., below Pine. v1-n47

MICHAEL C. KELLER, Confectionery, Oysters &c., &c., on Pine St., between Main and Mill, v1-n47

H. H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. v1-n47

WILLIAM DELONG, Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine v1n9

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. v1-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tannersand Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. v1-n17

JOHN KELLER, Boot and Shoemaker, Pine Street, opposite the Academy v1-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main Street, below Pine. v1-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St. v2n5.

J. M. HARMAN, saddle and harness maker Orangeville, opposite Frame church. v2n11

CATAWISSA DIRECTORY.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2-n12

J. H. CREASY, dry goods, groceries, and general Merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in stoves and tin-ware, Main Street. v2-n12

WM. H. ABBETT, attorney at law, Main Street. v2-n12

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street. v2-n12

L. KEILER, billiard saloon, oysters, and ice cream in season Main Street. v2-n12

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician, Second St., below Main. v2-n18.

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawisa House," North West Corner Main and Second Streets. v2-n18.

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18.

LIGHT STREET DIRECTORY.

PETER ENT, dealer in dry goods, groceries, flour, feed, salt, fish, iron, nails, etc., Light Street. v1-n45

TERWILLIGER, Cabinetmaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker. v1-n46

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above school house. v1-n46

MRS. E. KLINE, millinery and fancy goods, etc. Cash paid for Hides. v1-n46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, v1-n56

WM. M. ENT, dealer in stoves and tin ware in all its branches. v1-n46

JOHN A. OMAN, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes. v1-n64,

J. LEISER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2-n27

ESPY DIRECTORY.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manfactory. Shop on Main street, opposite steam Mill. v2-n16

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C. S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2-n46

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO., dealers in dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise. v2n11

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v2n11

BUCKHORN DIRECTORY.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18.

JACOB & WM. HARRIS, dealers in dry goods, groceries, drugs and medicines. First store in north end or town. v -n18.

JERSEYTOWNDIR ECTORY.

JACOB A. SWISHER, dealer in Hides, Leather Bark etc. Madison township Columbia county Pa. v1-n16

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.

The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. They house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.

Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travellers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.

Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

FORK'S HOTEL,

GEORGE W. MAUGER, Proprietor.

The above well-known hotel has recently undergone radical changes in its internal arrangements, and its pr. prietor announces to his former custom and the travelling public that his accomodations for the comfort of his guests are second to none in the country. His table will always be found supplied, not only with substantial food, but with all the delicacies of the season. His wines and liquors (except that popular beverage known as "*McHenry*"), purchased direct from the importing houses, are entirely pure, and free from all poisonous drugs. He is thankful for a liberal patronage in the past, and will continue to deserve it in the future. GEORGE W. MAUGER.

EXCHANGE SALOON,

THE Proprietor of the Exchange Saloon has now on hand a large stock of

SUMMER REFRESHMENTS,

consisting of

SPICED OYSTERS, SARDINES, TRIPE, BOLOGNAS SHEEP TONGUE, BOILED EGGS, SWEITZER CHEESE,

LAGER BEER, ALE, &C.

☞ COME ONE, COME ALL AND SEE. ☜

LAWSON CALMAN,
Superintendent.

Bloomsburg, May 3, 1867.

WE beg leave to inform you that we are prepared to offer for your inspection, our usual assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS,

Consisting of the *Newest Shapes* in Straw, Silk and Gimp Hats, Bonnets, &c., Velvets, Silk Goods, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Riches, Crapes, Blonds, Braids, Ornaments, &c. &c. We shall be happy to wait on you at our store or receive your order. Prices low for cash.

Yours, &c. H. WARD,
Nos. 103, 105 and 107 N. Second St. Philad'a.
Mar.26,'69-2t.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.

☞ Orders will receive prompt attention.

May 10, 1867-1y.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOB
PRINTING
Neatly executed at this Office.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County, Penn'a.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office with E. H. Little, in brick building adjoining Post Office. ☞ Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. [sept2'67.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in Register and Recorder's office, in the basement of the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa.

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office corner of Main and Market streets, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
☞ OFFICE—Court House Alley, below the *Columbian* Office. [Jan'67.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS, BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &C.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the country. Examine for yourselves.
Shop first door below the Post Office Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Nov. 15, 1867.

S. C. COLLINS,
FASHIONABLE
SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING
AND
SHAMPOOING SALOON,
Over Widmayer & Jacoby's Ice Cream Saloon,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Hair Dyeing and Whiskers colored black or brown. Hair Tonic to destroy dandruff and beautifying the hair; will restore hair to its original color without soiling the finest fabric, constantly on hand. [apr12'67.

DENTISTRY.
H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,
Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.
Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.
Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'68 tf

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

UNION HOTEL,
ROHRSBURG, PA.
The undersigned would respectfully inform the traveling public that he has purchased and refitted in the best manner the old stand formerly occupied by W. A. Kline, and that he is now prepared to accommodate his friends with all the comforts and conveniences of a first-class house. A fine new barn has been built and the surroundings placed in perfect order. The bar will always be stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table furnished with the best the market affords. JAMES V. GILLASPIE.
July 3,'68-tf

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY
has just returned from Philadelphia, and has bought, and is now offering the best assortment of
FANCY GOODS,
TRIMMINGS,
BONNETS &c. &c.,
ever exhibited in Bloomsburg, and is prepared to make up dresses and all other articles of female wardrobe, at short notice, and in the best and
LATEST SPRING STYLES.
Rooms in the Ramsey Buildings, on West Main Street. Call and see her varied stock of Spring Goods.
May 1,'68.

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw. Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter, Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard.
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
No. 313 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest
January 2, 1868.

CHAS. G. BARKLEY,
Attorney at Law,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
Office in the Exchange Building, second story, over Widmyer & Jacboy's Confectionery. Second door above the Exchange Hotel
Bloomsburg, Jan... 1, 1869.

C. E. SAVAGE,
PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER & JEWELER.
Main Street, (near the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Constantly on hand a fine assortment of American and Swiss Watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware of the best description plated on white metal, consisting of butter dishes, gobiets, knives, forks, spoons, napkin rings etc.
Masonic marks made to order. All goods and work warranted. [Jan. 1, 69.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETER AND BRIMSTONE,
No 249 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

MERCHANT'S HOTEL,
46 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. & W. G. M'KIBBIN, Proprietor.
May 10.1867-1y.

Choice Poetry.

MORNING IN SPRING.

BY G. D. PRENTICE.

How sweet the landscape! Morning twines
Her tresses round the brow of Day,
And bright mists o'er the forest pines,
Like happy spirits float away
To revel on the mountain crown,
Whence the glad stream comes shouting down
Thro' woods and rocks, that hang on high,
Like clouds against the deep-blue sky.

The woven sounds of bird and stream
Are falling beautiful and deep
Upon the spirit, like a dream
Of music in the hour of sleep,
And from the wildwoods' dewy bowers,
Soft murmurs, like the breath of flowers,
Are winding through yon purple grove,
And blending with the notes of love.

The streams in veins of silver flow,
The sunrise gale, o'er flower and tree
So lightly breathes, it scarce would blow
A fairy bark upon the sea;
It comes so fresh, so calm, so sweet,
It draws the heart from its retreat
To mingle with the glories born
In the first holy light of morn.

A cloud is on the sky above,
And calmly o'er the young year's blue,
'Tis coming, like a thing of Love,
To gladden in the rising dew;
Its white waves with the sunlight blend,
And gentle spirits seem to bend
From its unrolling folds to hear
The glad sounds of our joyous sphere.

The lake, unruffled by the breeze,
Smiles sweetly in unbroken rest,
And if t'were dreaming of the trees
And blossoms pictured on its breast,
Its depths are glowing bright and fair,
And the blue skies seem hallowed there,
Soft trembling—as they felt the thrill
Of music echoed from the hill.

The living soul of Beauty fills
The air with glorious visions bright,
They linger round the sunny hills,
And wander to the clear, blue light;
Off to the breathing heavens they go,
Along the earth they live and glow,
Shed o'er the lake their happy smiles
A beacon too its glittering isles.

Oh that this hour when air or earth
Are gushing love, and joy and light,
And songs of gladness hail the birth,
Of all things beautiful and bright,
Each pulse beats high—each tho't is blown
To flame—the spirit drinks the tone
Of Eden worlds, and melts away
In visions of eternal day.

Miscellaneous.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

BY MRS. M. ADELLE HAZLETT.

CHAPTER I.

"I tell you wife, it must not be. I had as soon see the arch-fiend himself in our pulpit as a Freemason."

"But he is an excellent preacher, and as the church is well satisfied with him, the Conference will, doubtless, return him to us for another year."

"No, Sarah, they shall not return him. I will take care that the brethren learn what a viper they are cherishing in their bosoms. It is fortunate that the next Conference is to be held here in our own place."

"Let me beg of you, husband, not to be hasty in this. Our minister, Bro. Fairbanks, appears to be really a worthy and pious man, and as the church is well pleased with him, why not allow the matter to rest as it is? I really cannot believe him to be so bad a man as you fear him to be."

"Can a man be a Freemason and not be a guilty, perjured wretch? And shall I, George Graham—class-leader for fifteen years—be so false to my duty, as to remain quiet when Satan sends his minions into our very midst? No, Mrs. Graham; if you would evade *your* duty I shall not evade *mine;* I am a poor sinner, it is true, but a willing servant of my Lord and Master, and this wolf in sheep's clothing shall be driven from the fold. I shall protest against his return to this church. Fortunately only a few weeks remain before the Conference meeting. I shall begin work at once," and the pious, earnest, but fanatical George Graham walked to his book-case, and, taking down a package of anti-Masonic almanacs, which had the appearance of being at least forty years of age and had only been preserved from the ravages of time by the reverent care they had received from their owner, who held them next to his Bible in value, he placed a broad-brimmed hat upon his head, and sallied forth under the scorching rays of an August sun.

"I declare," said the old man to himself, "this is a hot afternoon. I shall miss my map to-day, but, then, duty must not be sacrificed to the weakness of the flesh."

He called upon Bros. Jones, Keeler, Carson and several others, all of whom opened their eyes in holy horror when they found that their beloved minister—Bro. Fairbanks—was a Freemason, and they agreed at once to unite their influence with that of their class leader to secure a new minister the ensuing year. The sun was just sinking below the western horizon as Mr. Graham entered the office of Judge Winters—one of the oldest and most influential members of the church. There was a mischievous twinkle in the Judge's eye when Mr. Graham made his business known.

"Well, what do you propose to do, my friend? he inquired, at length, when Mr. Graham paused for breath.

"Complain of him, and have him expelled from the Conference—*silenced!*"

"But do you think that can be done?"

"Not a doubt of it—not a doubt of it; didn't the Masons murder Morgan?—Here is an account of the whole affair and trial of the murderers" (and Mr. Graham laid the package on the table); "how he was abducted from home, carried a prisoner to Fort Niagara and finally sunk in the river. The innocent blood of Wm. Morgan iserying to heaven for vengeance to-day!"

"Do you think, Mr. Graham, that the evidence was clear against those who were arrested for the crime?"

"Clear as the sunlight, Judge."

"Then the criminals were of course, punished according to law?"

"Punished! no, not one of them!"

"Why, how was that? What do you mean?"

"I mean, sir, that Dewitt Clinton, the Governor of New York, was a Freemason. And he defeated the ends of justice, sir; he sacrificed the majesty of the law to his Freemasonry, sir."

"But," said the Judge, "if I understand the matter correctly, Governor Clinton, who was the first officer of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State, offered a reward, first of $3,000, then of $5,000, and finally of $10,000, for any information which should lead to the conviction of the guilty parties."

"Well, well," interrupted Mr. Graham, "that was only a *ruse* to conceal his real feelings, and his sympathy with the perpetrators of the horrid deed. The murderers were arrested, the evidence was clear against them, but they escaped!"

"Bro. Graham," said Judge Winters, slowly but earnestly, "if nearly the entire legal strength of New York, after several years' trial, found it impossible to convict a single man charged with the crime of murdering Morgan, *I* who have made law the study of my life find much room for doubt of their guilt.—*You* believe in a God of justice who will cut off a tree that beareth not good fruit. Freemasonry has survived the wreck of ages—is to-day young and vigorous. Is not an institution which God in His infinite wisdom has seen fit thus to preserve worthy of your impartial study? Will you allow your reason, your good sense and judgment to be warped, nay, controlled by a set of anti-Masonic almanacs, which were spread over the country by misguided, excited men and unprincipled politicians? What would you say to the fact that a majority of the ministers in our Conference are Masons?"

Mr. Graham started to his feet as if a viper had *stung him;* for a moment he stared wildly upon Judge Winters, then noting a smile upon the Judge's lips, he seemed reassured and said:

"Bro. Winters, you are trifling. A lawyer is so fond of argument that he will neglect no opportunity of indulging in it, even at the expense of his" —— religion, he was going to say, but he checked himself.

"Be seated, Bro. Graham," said the Judge, "I have something more to say upon this subject; and now prepare to be surprised, but do not be hasty. *I am a Freemason,* and have been one for twenty years."

Mr. Graham turned pale and then flushed crimson, but he said nothing. The Judge continued: "I have never known Freemasonry to defeat the ends of justice. I have sentenced men to years of toil in the State prison whom I knew to be members—although *unworthy* ones—of the Masonic fraternity. The fact of their connection therewith did not save them from a single hour of imprisonment. The man who has been blessed with the sublime moral teachings of a Masonic Lodge is doubly culpable for an immoral act, a violation of his duty to his neighbor, his country or his God. You say you hope to see our minister, Bro. Fairbanks, dismissed from the Conference. It will not be done. You may prevent his return to us, but he will be sent to another congregation, while we shall, perhaps, receive in his place one inferior to him in both talent and piety."

Judge Winters paused, Mr. Graham who had again risen to his feet said: "I do not believe there are so many Masons as you say in the Methodist Conference of this State. You are a Freemason, and have an interest in defending your institution."

"Well, Bro. Graham," said the Judge, "I will make you a proposition. Make you no further effort at present to excite antagonistic feeling towards Bro. Fairbanks in the minds of members of his congregation, and if, before the close of the Conference meeting, to be held here in October, I do not prove to your entire satisfaction that a majority of its members are Masons, I will not *then* object to your plan of procedure against our minister."

Mr. Graham mused for a moment.

"Judge Winters," he said, at length, "I accept your proposition. If what you claim in regard to the ministers of our church be true, it must, of course, effect my prejudices somewhat, for I believe no church embodies more real piety than ours. But mind you, Judge, the evidence must be clear, and amount to positive knowledge."

"Yes, yes, Bro. Graham, it shall be entirely satisfactory. Meantime, here is a more reliable Masonic library than your's (and he glanced at the almanacs) which is entirely at your service. Here is Masonic history, jurisprudence and text-books, landmarks, 'Constitution' and 'ancient charges.' Take as many of them as you please, and return them when you have finished their perusal."

Mr. Graham did not know how he could consistently refuse to read some of the standard Masonic works, although he felt a great repugnance to doing so. He therefore, selected a history and text-book and, bidding the Judge good evening, left the office.

CHAPTER II.

The early October days were lovely in the thriving village of H——. Its streets presented a very unusual number of intelligent looking strangers in black broadcloth and high silk hats. The hotels were filled to overflowing, and private residences were thrown open by hospitable owners to receive the pious men who had devoted their lives to the service of God and the preaching of His will as revealed in Scripture. The large new Methodist church afforded ample accommodation for the transaction of the usual business of the Conference, but it was proposed on Sabbath morning to hold a love feast, to be followed by a sermon by the bishop. The church would be insufficient to accommodate the large number of people who would doubtless be in attendance, and the Agricultural Society tendered the Conference the use of their fair grounds, a part of which were covered by a grove of beautiful maples.

Sabbath morning dawned bright and beautiful; light fleecy clouds were floating in the sky, the birds were flitting about among the whispering leaves of the maples and singing anthems such as only those heaven-taught minstrels know how to sing.

Some two thousand people were collected in the grove. A temporary rostrum had been erected, some of the ministers were upon it, others were seated around and in front of it; Judge Winters and Mr. Graham were seated beside each other and directly in front of the rostrum. The "love feast" had commenced, and one after another spoke eloquently and feelingly of the beauties of the Christian religion, the duties and responsibilities of a life in the ministry, and the pleasures of a reunion like this. An old man, whose white locks swept round his high intellectual forehead like mist clouds round a mountain's brow, spoke of the probability of this being his last meeting with his brethren as a body, exhorted all to be faithful to their high calling, and closed by saying.

"To my young brethren just entered upon the field of labor I would say, endeavor now to store your minds with useful knowledge, apply that knowledge to the faithful discharge of *your duty to your neighbor, your country and your God, and in old age you will enjoy the happy reflections consequent upon a well spent life and die in hope of a glorious immortality.*"

Judge Winters touched the arm of Mr. Graham and whispered, "He is a Mason, I think."

A young minister, who was much interested in the American Bible Society, now spoke. He thought that "the Bible-class and Sabbath school were the *Jachin* and Boaz upon which rested the liberties of the nation."

Another thought that "we, as ministers of the Gospel, should endeavor not only to teach others their duty, but first to divest our own minds and consciences of all their vices and superfluities, thereby fitting us, as *living stones,* for that *spiritual building,* that house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

But the time alloted to this portion of the morning's exercise had passed; the choir sang a grand anthem of praise and thanksgiving; the old man with the silvery hair offered up a short but earnest prayer; and the Bishop S—— appeared upon the rostrum and announced the subject of his discourse. It was "Faith." Clearly and concisely he laid down the proposition to be discussed and the points to be proved. Then, with an eloquence which won and swayed all hearts, with illustrations drawn from the book of nature, and applied analogically to the subject under consideration, he passed to attack the strongholds of infidelity. His mind seemed a vast storehouse of knowledge, and very few in that large congregation had ever before listened to so able a sermon. The history of the world, its warriors, statesmen, and philosophers, seemed to pass in review before them. Through the planetary system he led them and the infinitude of space, studded with its countless worlds. Only before the Throne of the Living Deity did he pause. Then, stretching forth his hands, in a voice which thrilled every heart, he exclaimed. "Child of mortality! is not this enough?"

"Yes; yes, it is enough!" cried a hundred voices; "it is enough."

"Then," said the Bishop, and his voice sunk to a deep pathos, "let us believe that, when the scythe of time shall cut the brittle shred of human life, we shall be suddenly revived by the ever green and ever living sprig of faith in the merits of the Lion of the tribe of Judah, and doubt not that, in the morning of the resurrection, our bodies will rise and become as incorruptible as our souls. Let us welcome death as a kind messenger, sent to translate us from this imperfect to that all perfect, glorious and celestial world where the Supreme Architect of the Universe presides."

The Bishop had finished his discourse. The choir sang a hymn of praise, a benediction was pronounced, and the congregation dispersed. Mr. Graham and Judge Winters walked homeward together.

"What a holy man is our Bishop," said the former. "It seems as if the heavenly fire came down to consume his offering of praise and thanksgiving. But you have bewildered me by your frequent intimations that such or such were Masons. However, you must remember, Judge, the evidence was to be clear and amount to positive knowledge."

"Yes," returned the Judge, "I remember, and mean to prove all that I have affirmed. Will you come up to my office to-morrow evening, at six o'clock?"

"Yes, I will be there." And, bidding Judge Winters good day, Mr. Graham turned up the walk leading to his residence.

CHAPTER III.

Six o'clock of Monday evening came, and, prompt to his appointment, Mr. Graham entered the office of his friend.

"Well now for the evidence," said the Judge. "Take a seat here where, through the open door, you can command a view of the hall, and observe who pass up into the Masonic Lodge-room above." Mr. Graham took the position required, with a somewhat incredulous smile.

He had not long to wait, however, before one after another of the gentlemen in black broadcloth and high silk hats passed quietly through the hall and were heard ascending the staircase at the further end. Mr. Graham could scarcely credit the evidence of his own eyes. He noticed that the Judge appeared amused, and realized that his own position was uncomfortable. Was he, after all, in error? were the good, pious, self sacrificing men Masons?

Presently Bishop S——himself appeared, and pausing in the door way said:

"Are you not going up to the Lodge, Bro. Winters?

"Yes" replied the Judge, "in a few moments." The Bishop passed on.

Esquire King came into the room and said: "Cannot you go up and open the Lodge, Bro. Winters? My child is sick, and my wife has sent for me. Put Bro. Fairbanks in your place in the West, and ask the Bishop to act as Chaplain."

"Are there many of the ministers up to-night?" asked the Judge.

"Yes, some seventy-five or eighty, I think, and there were not a less number on Friday evening. They are the best workers I ever saw."

During this little dialogue Mr. Graham had arisen and walked rapidly up and down the room, glancing now at Judge Winters, now at the broadcloth still filing past the door.

"Judge," he said, abruptly; "I will bid you good evening," and, taking his hat, he left the office, and walked slowly homeward.

"Proof, proof!" he said to himself, "I should think this *was proof* enough! Get Brother Fairbanks out of the Conference! I might as well attempt to turn an angel out of heaven! Am I a fool or a bigot!"

Thus soliloquizing, Mr. Graham reached his home to find his wife and Mrs. Fairbanks discussing the sermon of Bishop S——

"He cleared up many points that have always been dark to me," said Mrs. Graham.

"His sermons are always instructive," replied Mrs. Fairbanks, who was a lady of about thirty-five years of age—very intelligent and highly accomplished. "But how do you like the Bishop Bro. Graham."

"I scarcely know how to answer you, Sister Fairbanks," was the reply. "I am an anti-Mason, and the Bishop belongs to that fraternity. What think you of that institution?"

The minister's wife turned her fine dark eyes full upon Mr. Graham. "I think," she said, "Masonry is one of the most valuable agencies ever brought into existence by Providence to bless mankind. It is as a lofty mountain—grand majestic, beautiful; but between which and them mankind have placed the heavy mists of error; they have circled it with dark clouds of superstition, bigotry and ignorance. At times the clouds pass, the mists arise, and then bright glimpses are caught of rippling streams and verdant slopes. But the mists settle again, the clouds grow thicker than before, and the world looks on and says, "It is a dark unlovely prospect; the beauties we beheld were but the offspring of our excited fancies." But, Mr. Graham, I, in imagination, behold the misjudged mountain as it will be seen by the generations of a not distant future; the mists of error are all dissipated by the sun of truth, the clouds of bigotry and ignorance discharge their last thunder peals and float away forever, revealing the grand old mountain, based firmly in eternal truth, the hoary head covered with the crown of countless ages. And there are not only rippling streams and verdant slopes, but evergreen glades and fruitful vines and trees, and lower down broad patches of waving grain. Thousands of laborers are in its vineyards and fields; many toil up steep but flowery paths for higher fields of labor and a more extended view. And there are seven lovely goddesses, with brows of light, clad in snowy vestments of purity. Temperance, be

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1869.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

A Bargain for Printers.

By the recent purchase of a Gordon Press and of the COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT printing office, we have acquired an unnecessary number of Presses and material. We therefore offer to sell one Washington Press—size No.4—in complete running order; one Washington Press Foolscap size—almost entirely new; together with a quantity of bourgeios, nonpareil, wood, metal and display type, imposing stones, cases, rules, and all the material necessary to start a first-class country printing office. If the material cannot be sold in bulk, it will be disposed of in lots. Terms cash. Address the editor by letter or in person. 3t.

Representative Reform.

IN THE SENATE OF THE U. S.,
January 13, 1869.

Mr. BUCKALEW asked, and by unanimous consent obtained, leave to bring in a bill entitled "A bill to amend the representation of the people in Congress;" which was read twice and referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Buckalew, Anthony, Ferry, Morton, Warner, Rice, and Wade.

MARCH 2, 1869.

Mr. WADE, from the Select Committee on Representative Reform, reported the bill without amendment, as follows:

A BILL TO AMEND THE REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE IN CONGRESS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in elections for the choice of representatives to the Congress of the United States, whenever more than one representative is to be chosen from a State, each elector of such State, duly qualified, shall be entitled to a number of votes equal to the number of representatives to be chosen from the State, and may give all such votes to one candidate, or may distribute them, equally or unequally, among a greater number of candidates; and the candidates highest in vote upon the return shall be declared elected.

On the same day Mr. Buckalew from the same committee made an elaborate written Report to accompany the said bill and in explanation and vindication of the reform proposed by it. We have had an arrangement made for forwarding to many of our subscribers official copies of this Report, but it is not possible to supply all of them, and the great length of the Report renders it unsuitable for republication in our columns. Under these circumstances we have concluded to prepare and publish, from time to time, a number of brief articles on the subject of reformed voting which shall include the views contained in the Senate Report above mentioned, and in other publications in this country and Great Britain. Thus all our readers will, in due time, have presented to them full information upon an important question which will hereafter undergo much debate and probably result in important changes in our electoral system. For the principle of the proposed reform is capable of very extensive application and is one of the highest importance to the due working of our republican institutions. Fortunately also it is not one of a partisan character and may claim the support of all parties and of men of independent views.

The unanimous report and approval of the Senate bill (above given) by the Committee to which it was referred, is auspicious of its success hereafter when it shall be further considered, and particularly when aid shall be afforded it by public opinion formed outside of Congress. And the present representation of parties in Congress is so imperfect, or rather so unequal and unjust, that there will be a general disposition toward reform whenever a practical and effectual measure to secure it comes to be understood by the people.

The Columbia Co. Invasion.

WE shall commence in our next number the publication of a series of articles under the above heading, pursuant to our promise made to our readers at the commencement of our present volume. In recalling the events of 1864 in this County it will not be our object to revive the passions of that time, nor to treat unjustly any of the persons implicated in the great outrage then perpetrated upon our people. Our object rather will be one of justice and instruction; to vindicate those who were then unjustly assailed, (and some of them cruelly persecuted,) and to point out the lessons to be drawn from the excesses of arbitrary and lawless power. We suppose our articles will extend to half a dozen in number, and they will contain many particulars and incidents of the Invasion never heretofore published.

THE following is the new Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Agricultural Association, chosen Wednesday morning: President, Amos E. Kapp; corresponding secretary, Elbridge M'Conkey; recording secretary, D. W. Seiler; treasurer, John B. Rutherford.

Capt. M'Conkey's appointment will give much satisfaction to his numerous friends in this section. He was a brave officer, and is an accomplished gentleman, fully competent to perform the duties of his office.

GEORGIA was formally re-admitted into the Union, and represented in the last Congress. The Radicals have again put her out of the Union, and she is not represented in the present Congress. Why? Because she has no negroes in her present Legislature. We would ask every candid soldier if he fought for such a state of things? Is it a Union where States can be made and unmade at the dictation of a party caucus?

THE most magnificent Gift Enterprise of the day.

GRANT'S CABINET.

All who invested liberally, secured large prizes.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN.

The String of Buttons.

"PLEASE sir, give me a button," said a blue-eyed, dimple-chinned little girl, the other day, as I stood watching the children going from school.

"And what do you want with a button, my little lady?" I asked.

"To put on this string." And she loosened from her neck a string of buttons, of all sizes, forms and colors.

"Why, you have quite a lot of them."

"Yes, sir, I have two hundred and nine and yours will make two hundred and ten."

"But what in the world are you going to do with so many buttons?"

"Why, keep them to remember my friends by."

"But you cannot recollect who gave you all those buttons?"

"Yes, sir, I can," and she commenced moving them on the string, and named the giver of each one as she passed it along.

"But, you will soon forget them, and will not be able to tell one button from another."

"No, sir, when I get all I can, I mean to have them put in a frame, and the names of the givers written under them then I can remember them as long as I live. Please, sir, give me one, do."

"If I give you a button, will you put it on the string, and in the frame, and count me among your friends?"

"Yes, sir, I will."

I gave her a button and she ran off, showing her companions that she had made an acquisition to her string.

There, thought I, is a "book of remembrance" as simple as it is cheap, and as beautiful as it is novel. Should that child live, years after this, she will read over this "string of friendship," and as she "tells her buttons," what memories will be awakened? The mind will crowd its way back through the events of her life to the days of her childhood. How bright and beautiful it was. Full of sunshine, no shadow, as yet, had fallen upon her pathway.—Her innocent heart knows nothing of this world's sin, and felt but little of this world's sorrow. The recollections of the past had no tortures, and the future was full of hope and happiness.—And by the contrast that life's experience has taught, she may exclaim, happy, happy, childhood! But where are my early friends? Here is a record of the *names* of many of them, but where are *they?* Some I have lost sight of, and know not what has become of them, but how many pages of the history of human life do these buttons record, how much of sorrow and pleasure, of virtue and vice, of life and death. Yes, of death, for many of the names here written, have been since written on marble slabs erected to their 'memory.' Some nipped in the bud just flushed with the crimson of life, some withered and fell, just as the rose of life was blooming, but have left a fragrance that will not soon be forgotten, some blasted in the very midst of their fruitfulness, while others have come down to their graves, "like shocks of corn full ripe in its season." How few, of the many friends of my childhood are still on life's pathway, both old and young? Soon, others will "tell the buttons," but cannot read the history. Within them there will awaken no recollections of friendship,—bring no light of other days—as they do to me, and will probably cast them aside as an unmeaning thing of buttons.

Stillwater, March 3, '69. RAVEN.

Orphans' School at Orangeville, Columbia County.

MR. Jackson, our Senator, offered the following resolution, which was twice read:

WHEREAS, The soldiers' orphans' school at Orangeville, Columbia County, has been removed by the superintendent of soldiers' orphans' schools, as it is believed, without just cause and to the great injustice to the mothers of the children, as well as, it is believed, to the prejudice of the best interests of the orphans themselves, and

Whereas, It is right that the subject of said removal should be investigated, and reasons therefore ascertained and the wrong done, if any, be remedied; therefore,

Resolved, that a committee of three Senators be appointed to investigate and inquire into the cause of said removal, if any, and generally to examine into and investigate the whole subject and report to the Senate at this session, and the said committee shall have power to send for persons and papers, and are directed to visit Orangeville and make the necessary examination of the subject there.

The resolution was amended by instructing the Committee on Education to investigate the above subject and enlarge their duties, so as to investigate all other alleged abuses connected with the schools for soldiers' orphans in the State.

The Committee, whose names we gave last week, will be here on Saturday to examine witnesses, and make the proposed investigation.

IF every subscriber would ask his neighbor to subscribe and send his name to us, it would not only double our subscription list and encourage us to publish a still better paper, but it would be a personal advantage to every subscriber. There is more happiness and prosperity in a neighborhood where every family takes a newspaper than where they take none. It makes home happier, the father more thoughtful, the mother more cheerful, and the eyes of the children sparkle with joy whenever the newspaper comes.

THE Radicals are making strenuous efforts to secure the independence of Cuba. It seems that rebellion is all right every place but at home.

By the way, before passing resolutions in favor of Cuban Independence, would it not be as well to restore the Southern States to their position as co-equal parts of our Confederacy? "Charity begins at home;"—so should liberty and toleration.

THE following proposed law is not very intelligible to us; but, as it has been introduced in the Legislature, we call public attention to it:

That no person shall have more than three years after the last payment on a mortgage is due, to pay it off and hold the property described in the mortgage but the said property shall fall back to the mortgager, any laws or decisions to the contrary notwithstanding.

WHEN prepayment of correspondence by stamps was made obligatory, a letter passed through an office in the interior of this State, on which was written, "paid, if the darned thing sticks." To-day "my Cabinet" is all right, "if the darned thing sticks."

Getting Alarmed.

THE course of the Radical leaders has not only alarmed the mass of the party, but has frightened some of its prominent members. The following extract from a speech recently delivered by Senator Sprague deserves general circulation.

The politicians had never been willing to let the people know the true state of the country. They had failed to warn them of the approach of the late war, and had plunged them into it unprepared. The politicians still adhered to the same blind policy, but he had already done something to let the people know the true condition of the country, and he meant to do more. The object of the majority in Congress seemed to be rather to perpetuate the existence of a party than to promote the welfare of the people; but no party could have his support which did not make the prosperity and contentment of the people its chief object. A party which failed in this, failed in the great purpose for which alone it had a right to exist. In conclusion he said he was in favor of repealing the Tenure-of-Office act in any case, because if he had to subject himself to any tyranny, he preferred the tyranny of one man with some humanity in him and occupying a responsible position, to that of an irresponsible body like the Senate.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

THE following bills were read in place:

By Mr. O'Neill—One supplementary to the act of April, 1868, to lay out a State Road from Foundryville, in Columbia county, to Good's School House, in Luzerne county.

An act requiring one of the County Commissioners to perform the duties now required of the Judge by the second section of the Jury law of April 10, 1867. This bill applies to Luzerne, Columbia, Montour, and other counties, and has passed the House.

Mr. White, providing for the registration of the marriages in this State; also, preventing any but regular graduates of medicine from practicing in this State.

An act to erect a Poor House for Conyngham township and the borough of Centralia in Columbia County.

The Senate bill to exempt mortgages and bonds of the Bloomsburg Literary Institute, issued for the purposes of erecting State Normal School buildings, from taxation.

TALES OF THE LIVING AGE.—*A House of Cards*; by Mrs. Cashel Hoey. Price 75 cents.

This story is by a new writer, but is felicitous in style and has very great interest in character and plot. The London *Review* says:

"A new novel, written by an unknown author, will always excite a certain amount of interest in the reader's mind. There is no knowing what may be in store for him. It is somewhat like an investment in mining shares—the chances are a thousand to one against receiving any return, but then the one in a thousand is fortunate indeed. We confess to having opened these volumes with despairing resignation, *but before we closed them we found we had drawn a prize.* * * *

We shall look with great interest for another novel from Mrs. Cashel Hoey's pen."

The foregoing was first published in this country in *Littell's Living Age*, a magazine issued once a week, and containing the best stories, reviews, criticisms, poetry, scientific, biographical, political and other articles, gathered from the entire body of foreign periodical literature. Littell & Gay, Publishers, 30 Broomfield street, Boston.

THE Radical papers praise General Longstreet as a rebel who "cheerfully accepted the situation," meaning, probably, the situation of the Surveyor of the Port of New Orleans. There is no doubt that plenty of "ex-rebels" would cheerfully accept similar situations. Cannot some cheerful old rebel in Kentucky be found who will accept the situation of Postmaster at Covington? The place is put down in the blue-book as worth $3,100 a year. Grant's father has it.

"PATENT RIGHT" men are now swarming over the country, like the locusts of the plains, seeking whom they may devour. They have got to be an actual pest, and should receive no countenance from anybody. Did you ever hear of any one getting his money back on one of the numerous inventions now being peddled around the country? Look sharp before you buy.

A WASHINGTON correspondent mentions as an honorable incident connected with the late President, that "Mr. Johnson and his family left the White House in very good condition, and did not carry off anything belonging to the United States." A day or two after Mr. Johnson left, he was blamed for having carried off his private papers, but we believe it is now admitted he had a right to do that.

AMONG the wonders of the age, which however, have ceased to strike the people with wonder, is an order of Major-General Stoneman, of the United States Army, deposing the Governor of Virginia, and assuming his functions. This is done in the nineteenth century, in the ninety-fourth year of the Independence of these United States, and the fourth year of peace.

THE WORLD ALMANAC.—We have on hand and for sale, this very useful and valuable book for 1869. It contains the Acts of Congress, and important events of the past year, crops of the United States, officers of the Government, full and complete returns of the late election, and a thousand other items of use and interest. Price 20 cents.

IT is now understood that Attorney General Hoar has decided that the pardons issued by President Johnson, but withheld by President Grant, were legal, and that such pardons cannot be withheld; or if withheld, that the pardoned can secure release on habeas corpus. What will be Grant's next mistake?

TWENTY-SIX thousand dollars worth of statues and ornaments of different characters and descriptions, are now being placed in and about the White House. Would it not be well for Congress to inquire who is to foot the bill.

THE sale of valuable timber land, in Centre township, advertised by Samuel Neyhard and J. W. Miller, to take place March 29th, has been postponed until April 10th, at 1 o'clock, on account of the inclement weather.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, March 24.

THE NEW TENURE-OF-OFFICE BILL

reported to-day by the Senate Judiciary Committee, as anticipated in these despatches last night, and as reported in full elsewhere, goes to the limit of concession on the part of the Radical members of the Senate, and gives up everything except the final assent of the Senate, in the last stages, whereby to consummate a removal. The President may suspend at will and without cause, or statement of cause, and may appoint whom he pleases to the places. He must report the names of successors to those suspended within thirty days after the Senate re-assembles, and then that body must by an affirmative vote resolve to proceed to consider the suspension before that suspension can become even a question before them.

COVODE TEMPORARILY SEATED.

The House election committee, to-day decided in favor of John Covode occupying the seat in Congress pending the final decision in his contest with Henry D. Foster, of Pennsylvania. The vote was five to four. Paine and Churchill, the most respectable Radicals on the committee, voting with the Democrats.

COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.

It is said to be determined that the President will appoint Colonel Eli S. Parker, of his former staff, to be Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Colonel P. is a native "Red Man," and is the same "Big Injun" who couldn't be found on the day of his appointed wedding, a year or two ago.

WASHINGTON, March 25.

REPORTED DEATH OF EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

A rumor of the death of ex-President Johnson reached the capitol this afternoon, and created a profound sensation. Inquiry, however, failed to confirm the correctness of the report, although it is said that the ex-President has been stricken with paralysis, and that Doctor Norris, of the army, has been telegraphed for, at this city, to repair to Greenville, Tennessee, to attend him.

LONGSTREET'S NOMINATION.

It is believed there will be a warm contest in the Senate over Longstreet's nomination as surveyor of Customs for the port of New Orleans. Several prominent Radical Senators have declared their determination to defeat him, if possible. The Democratic Senators have, after consultation together, determined to vote for his confirmation.

WASHINGTON, March 26.

THE CIVIL TENURE FAMILY FEUD

was aggravated by the action of the House to-day. After very long debate the motion to concur in the amended bill of the Senate was defeated by a vote of 99 nays against 70 yeas. The square majority of 29 cannot be overcome, and is more likely to be increased than otherwise.

GRANT ON MISSISSIPPI.

To-night a company of Mississippians, representing the Conservative and Radical elements in that State, Judge Summerel, ex-Governor A. G. Brown, and Mr. Watson, of the former, and Judge Jefferds, Captain Fisk, and Major Wofford, of the latter, paid a visit to President Grant. The President thought the best plan to quiet the opposing parties in Mississippi would be for Congress to authorize the Constitution to be again submitted to the people, a separate vote to be taken on the features objected to by the Conservatives, and that meantime the present military commander should control the State.

COLORED GIRL IN THE TREASURY.

Miss E. J. Ketcham, of Philadelphia, has been appointed to a clerkship in the Treasury Department. Miss Ketcham is the first colored woman appointed to a clerkship in any of the departments by the new administration.

EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON OUT OF DANGER.

Information has been received tonight from Greenville to the effect that ex-President Johnson is very much better in health and is now out of danger.

WASHINGTON, March 27.

REVENUE OFFICIALS IN PENN'A.

It is said that the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the consent of the President, have determined to make a clean sweep of a number of internal revenue officials in Pennsylvania, consisting of collectors, assessors, storekeepers, and gaugers.

MRS. DR. WALKER.

It is rumored that Mrs. Dr. Mary Walker, after several applications, has received an answer from President Grant that she might have an interview with him whenever she will appear in a dress becoming her sex.

WASHINGTON, March 29.

THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

Senators Trumbull, Edmunds and Grimes compose the Senate Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two houses upon the tenure-of-office act. The House had not up to the time of the adjournment, been informed of the action of the Senate.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A private despatch from Macon, received here to-night states that Alexander H. Stephens, formerly vice president of the rebel government, is on his death-bed.

PRESIDENT GRANT UNWELL.

The President is unwell again to-day, and is receiving no visitors. He was in his office only a short time this morning.

WASHINGTON, March 30.

RESOLUTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

The House, to-day, passed a resolution providing for the adjournment of the present session of Congress *sine die*, on Tuesday next, the 6th inst. The Senate will hardly agree to this, and the chances are that the latter body will extend the time a week or two longer at least.

WASHINGTON, March 31.

MISSISSIPPI BILL.

The Mississippi bill will fail.

VISITORS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The visitors at the White House today were considerably less than heretofore.

PRESIDENT RECOVERING.

The President spent most of the day out doors walking.

ABOUT 70,000 Odd Fellows are expected to participate in the semi-centennial anniversary of the establishment of the Order, which is to be held in Philadelphia on the 26th of April next.

—Two thousand citizens of Indianapolis signed the pledge at the beginning of the year, and eleven of them are believed to have kept it thus far.

—The Hon. Edward Bates United States Attorney-General under President Lincoln, died in St Louis on Thursday afternoon.

—General Stoneman, on Saturday, issued an order removing Governor Wells, and assuming the duties of the office himself.

—There is a bill before the Pennsylvania Legislature forbidding the employment of persons in Drug stores who are not graduates of some college of pharmacy.

—Another terrible murder, coupled with the crime of suicide, took place in Philadelphia. A man named Blackstone killed his wife and two small children with an ax, and then committed suicide by throwing himself into the Delaware River.

—A Buffalo gentleman has received a reward of fifty cents for finding and restoring to its owner a pocket book containing $1,400. Another gentleman, of the same city, stopped a runaway horse at the imminent risk of his life, on Wednesday last, and was presented on the spot with fractional currency to the amount of ten cents. Such generosity is exceedingly touching.

—The heirs of Noah Webster receive $25,000 annually from the sale of his dictionary.

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1 90
Rye "	1 35
Corn "	90
Oats "	70
Flour per barrel	12 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	45
Eggs	25
Tallow	12
Potatoes	1 00
Dried Apples	2 50
Pork	12
Hams	25
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	25
Hay per ton	16 00

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	7 00
" " 2 " "	7 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00
IRON—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 "	$40
Bloom	$34

Light Street Markets.

Corrected weekly by Peter Ent, wholesale and retail dealer in grain, flour & feed and general merchandize.

Wheat per bushel	$1 70
Rye " "	1 40
Corn " "	1 00
Buck Wheat	1 00
Oats	70
Wheat Flour per 100 lbs	5 50
Buck Wheat Flour	3 00
Corn Chop,	2 50
Bran,	1 50
Butter per lb	40
Eggs per doz.,	20
Potatoes pr bus	90
Dried Apples "	2 00
Flax Seed "	2 20
Beef per 100 lbs	9 00
Pork " "	14 00
Lard " lb	20
Onions per bushel	60
Clover Seed " "	7 00
Timothy " "	3 00

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5.00@ 5.25
Northwestern extra	5.50@ 6.25
Northwestern family	7.00@ 7.75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5.00@6.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	5.75@6.75
Pennsylvania and Western family	5.50@7.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.50@13.25
Rye flour	$8.00
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₱ bus	$1.61@1.75
Southern " "	$2.00@2.25
California " "	$3.20
" white "	$2.15@2.19
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₱ bus	$1.60@1.62
CORN—Yellow, "	$1.09@1.10
White, "	$1.10@1.12
OATS—₱ bus	70@75c
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₱ bbl	$31.50
Mess Beef, "	$21.50
Dressed Hogs, ₱ lb	8½@9c
Smoked Hams "	17@18c
" Shoulders ₱ lb	13c
Lard, ₱ lb	17c@20
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₱ bus	$7.00@8.75
Timothyseed ₱ bus	$3.75
Flaxseed	$2.75
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ₱ lb	9@10½c
Cows, ₱ head	$35@$50
SHEEP—₱ lb	8@9c
HOGS—₱ 100 lbs	$16@$17.50

Marriages.

LEIDY—VANDERSLICE.—At the Parsonage of the Rev. B. P. King, in Washingtonville, on the eve of the 31st of Dec. 1868, Mr. J. N. Leidy to Miss Lena Vanderslice, both of Hemlock township Columbia co. Pa.

APPLEMAN—BOSTON.—On the 25th ult. at the M. E. Parsonage in Orangeville by the Rev. Fearon Brown, Mr. Reuben Appleman of Benton, to Miss Amanda E. Boston of Fairmount. Lue. co. Pa.

COLE—STATTON.—In Orangeville at the parsonage, by Rev. J. Spear, Benjamin D. Cole of Benton, to Miss Susannah Statton, of Greenwood Col. co. Pa.

MASON—CLINE.—On the 23 inst by Rev. J. A. Mellick, at the M.E. Parsonage at Bloomsburg, Wm. C. Mason to Miss Rebecca Jane Cline, all of Mt. Pleasant twp. Col. co. Pa.

RAUB—ZARR.—On the 13th ult. by the Rev. Wm. J. Eyer, Mr. Simon Raub, of Catawissa, Pa. to Miss Elvina Zarr of Franklin township.

Deaths.

JOHNSON.—In Mt. Pleasant on Mar. 24th, Jacob Johnson, aged 38 years 4 months and 29 days.

THOMAS.—In Bloomsburg, on the 22d ult. Geo. De Kramer Thomas, only son of Zachariah and Annie Thomas, aged 2 months, and 11 days.

REEDER.—In Franklin twp., Mar. 23, 1868, after a brief illness, J. Bradford, son of Hiram J. Reeder Esq., aged 17 years and 7 months.

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's breath,
And stars to set—but all,
Thou hast all seasons for thine own, O, death!"
M.

IN MEMORIAM OF J. BRADFORD REEDER.

A mourning home, a vacant chair,
The one we lov'd so well, oh *where*
Oh *where* is he,
That stalwart though still youthful form,
That late the glow of health hath worn
How *can* it be.

At home, abroad, where'er he went,
His presence always pleasure lent,
Thoughtful was he,
Of other's happiness and joy
He truly was a manly boy,
Few like we see.

Naught heard we e'er of language rude
Some called him "coward," others, "prude,"
A man was he,
He scorn'd the taunting sneers of those,
Who the vile ways of vice had chose,
Viceless was he.

His schoolmates all his loss now feel,
His brow thus mark'd by death's cold seal,
Hath oft in thought,
Mastered the problems of life,
And oft engag'd in friendly strife
With the se who taught.

The vacant seat oft claims our thought,
The blinding tears come hot for naught,
We miss him there;
A valued friend, thou art not here,
To slay the swiftly falling tear,
For one so fair.

No more thy form, will grace the scenes,
Of old, that fill'd thy boyish dreams,
Thy bright eye dim,
In death, no more will flash and gleam,
No more of victory wilt thou dream
O'er ev'ry sin.

Nay Father shrink not from the blow;
Thine eldest born no more shall know
Of sorrow there.
And Mother weep not for thy son
See! far above he beckons, "come,"
His joy to share.

And Wilber though thour't left alone
Thy brothers' spirits both have flown
To joys unknown.
Seek then. "The pearl of price" that thou
May'st meet them where they joyous bow
Before God's throne.

Yes BRADFORD READER thou art gone.
No more we see thy well known form,
In vain we try,
To realize the loss, thour't gone
And we are left thy loss to mourn,
To weep and sigh.

But, and the thought brings peace and joy,
Thour't where pure bliss has no alloy,
Thy harp doth sound,
The praise of him who died for thee
Whose glories now o'er thou dost see
Praises redound

Then weep not for the son so dear
There's one still left thy heart to cheer
Forget *him* not,
Fit him to meet his brothers there,
Tune ye *his* harp with greatest care,
Fulfil thy lot.

Then when thy work on earth is done,
JESUS will say, "up higher come,"
Thy sorrow o'er,
Thou'l strike glad hands and strike thy harp
With joy, thou never more shall part,
No never more.

CATAWISSA, PA.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BUCHU.

[From Dispensatory of the United States.]

DIOSMA CRENATA—BUCHU LEAVES.

PROPERTIES.—Their odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic, their taste bitterish, and analogous to mint.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND USES.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organs.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the Prostate Gland, and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement, or Labor Pains; Bed-Wetting in children.

In affections peculiar to females, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhea, or Whites.

Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.—This medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the Watery or Calculous deposition, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

HELMBOLD'S Extract Buchu has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck, of the Bladder, and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick-Dust Deposit, and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and for enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu is Diuretic and Blood-Purifying, and cures all Diseases arising from habits of dissipation, excesses and imprudences in life, impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleets of long standing, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases, used in connection with Helmbold's Rose Wash.

Sold by all druggists and dealers everywhere. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. Price—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address H. T. HELMBOLD,
594 Broadway, N.Y.

NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS DONE UP IN steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

Feb. 7, '69-2m.

DO NOT TRIFLE WITH DANGER.

A single spark may kindle a flame that will consume a city, and small ailments neglected, may end in fatal disorders. Bearing this fact in mind, let the first symptoms of debility or nervous prostration be met promptly with invigorating treatment. Foremost among the vegetable tonics of the age stands HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and whenever the vital powers seem to languish, or there is any reason to suspect the animal functions essential to the sustenation and purification of the body are imperfectly performed, this invaluable tuvigorant and antiseptic should at once be resorted to. Indigestion always produces weakness of the bodily powers. Sometimes it happens that the appetite demands more food than the stomach can digest; though not more, perhaps, than is required to keep up the full strength of the frame. The object, under such circumstances, is to increase the digestive capacity of the assimilating organ, so as to make it equal to the duty imposed upon it by the appetite, and capable of supplying the *building material of the system* as fast as it is required. This object is fully accomplished by the use of the Bitters. They tone and gently stimulate the cellular membrane which secretes the gastric juice and the result is that the solvent is mingled with the food in sufficient quantity to convert all its nourishing particles into pure and wholesome element. If, on the other hand, there is a deficiency of appetite, without any corresponding deficiency of digestive power, the effect of the tonic is to stimulate a desire for food. In nineteen cases out of twenty, headache, nausea, nervousness, fainting-fits, spasms, and, indeed, most of the casual aches and pains to which humanity is subject, proceed primarily from indigestion complicated with biliousness; and for both these complaints HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are recommended as a speedy and certain remedy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A POLITICAL, LITERARY AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWSPAPER.

The New York Times,—started in September, 1851,—has for many years been recognized as as one of the most successful, popular and influential newspapers in the country. It is still under the control and management of its original founders who, with greatly increased resources and experience, will spare no pains to extend and strengthen its claims upon the confidence and support of the public.

In its political discussions and preferences the Times is Republican,—and supports the cardinal principles and leading measures of that party as on the whole best calculated to secure the peace and promote the prosperity of all sections of our common country. It was among the first to advocate the nomination and election of General Grant to the Presidency, and will sustain, with all the ability it can command, the principles and policy of his Administration.

The Times will insist upon Reform in all branches of the public service,—economy in the administration of the Government,—the payment of the public debt and the maintenance of public credit,—the adoption of equal and impartial suffrage,—the removal of useless political disabilities,—the preservation of peace,—the elevation of labor,—the vindication of our national rights,—and, in general, such measures as will strengthen our Republican institutions in the confidence of our own people, and commend them to the respect and admiration of the rest of the world.

Its Correspondence, by Telegraph and by Mail from all parts of the world, will be full, prompt, reliable and interesting. In this respect it will maintain the high reputation it has thus far enjoyed.

Its Reports of proceedings in Congress and in the State Legislature,—of the Law Courts, social, political and literary associations, public meetings, and of whatever else may enlist or attract the public interest, will be prepared with care and with special attention to the convenience and instruction of the body of the reading Public. In its Commercial, Financial, Real Estate and general Market Reports, special pains will be taken to embody the latest news, in the most reliable and complete form.

A Literary Department will be maintained, in which will be given Reviews and notices of all the important and interesting issues of the Press; —and the Fine Arts, including Music, the Drama, painting and sculpture, will receive careful attention at the hands of competent and experienced critics.

The Editorial Department of the Times will be devoted to the intelligent, temperate and candid discussion of the current events the day, in every department of public activity and interest, with the general aim of instructing and guiding the public mind rather than exciting public passion or ministering to a morbid curiosity. Special care will be taken to exclude everything which can deprave the morals, or lower the taste of the great body of intelligent readers.

The Times issues three editions, all of the very largest size, on large quarto sheets, each containing *fifty-six* columns, printed in clear and legible type, at the following rates:

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$12
The Daily Times, exclusive of Sunday Edition	$10
The Weekly Times, one year	$3
The Semi-Weekly Times, two copies, one year	$5
The Weekly Times, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter. All postmasters are obliged to register letters when requested to do so, and the system is an absolute protection against losses by mail. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Montgomery Cole and Ezra O. West, at Cole's Creek Columbia county Pa., as merchants in Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, etc. expired by mutual consent on the 26th of March 1869.

The business will be continued at the old stand by the undersigned, who will settle all outstanding accounts of the late firm.

MONTGOMERY COLE.

Cole's Creek, Apr. 2, '69-3t.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons intending to apply for License to keep a Hotel, Inn, or Tavern, that they must, previous to said application, have the assessor of the respective twp. or Borough, make an estimate and assessment of the yearly rental value of the house proposed to be so kept, and of the amount of annual sales of Liquors, and return the same to the County Commissioners. Assessors are requested to perform this duty,

Attest
Wm. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.
MONTGOMERY COLE, DAVID YEAGER, WILLIAM G. QUICK, } Com'rs.
apr. 2, '69-3t.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be sold at the residence of the subscriber in Catawissa township on Monday the nineteenth day of April 1869 the following property to wit:

THREE HORSES,

a lot of Milch Cows, lot of young cattle, two waggons, one sled, plows, harrows, and cultivators.

ONE HAY RAKE, ONE REAPER,

one wind mill, forks and rakes, corn, wheat, oats and potatoes, a lot of vinegar, a lot of harness, also a lot of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

together with a large variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., of said day when terms will be made known by SOLOMON HELWIG,
Catawissa, Pa.
mar26'69-3t

APRIL LIST AT I. W. HARTMAN'S.

A FINE AND LARGE
LOT OF HOOP SKIRTS JUST
Received, Suit all sizes
call and see at
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

SHEETING 4-4 5-4 & 10-4 WIDE
JUST RECEIVED AT
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

LINEN, COTTON, AND
IMITATION OF LINEN TABLE
DIAPER FOR SALE CHEAP AT
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

LANCSATER, MANCHESTER,
FRENCH AND SCOTCH GINGHAMS
FOR SALE AT
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

REMNANTS OF SUMMER
DE LAINS FOR CHILDREN OR
MISSES FOR SALE VERRY LOW
AT I. W. HARTMAN'S

A LARGE STOCK OF FANCY
GOODS AND TRIMMINGS WILL
BE KEPT AT
I. W HARTMAN'S.

TICKINGS, CHECKS, STRIPES
AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY
STAPLE GOODS, CAN BE HAD
LOW AT I. W. HARTMAN'S.

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS,
BASKETS, ETC., ETC. AT
I. W. HARTMAN'S.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Leonard B. Rupert's, Est. a bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Leonard B. Rupert, of Bloom township, in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 8th day of Jan., 1869. C. G. BARKLEY,
Mar. 12, '69-3t. Assignee.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 2, 1869.

PUBLIC SALES.—For the benefit of those having bills printed at this office, or advertising them in our columns, we propose to keep a register of sales for the information of the public.

Isaac Davis's Est. Beaver Apr. 8, Real Estate,
Chas. M. Hess's Est. Millin." 10, " "
S. Neyhard & Miller Centre Mer. 29, " "

THE rite of baptism was administered to five children on Sunday last, at St. Paul's Episcopal Church in this place.

WE were in error in stating last week that Wm. Rote was elected Supervisor in Greenwood township; the certificate was given to J. D. Wilson.

GEO. ROW a young man of about 25 years of age, died suddenly in this place last week. He was buried on Friday the 26th with military honors, having been a soldier in the late war.

QUITE a number of Republicans in this County call themselves friends of Senator Buckalew. What must be their feelings in seeing their organ here alluding to him as a "slimy old plotter."

IF Rumor is to be believed, money is unusually scarce this Spring, and great is the disgust of many who have payments to make. Greenbacks like the complimentary calls of cherubim, are "few and far between."

WM. BURGESS, the former Preceptor of the Greenwood Seminary, has taken charge of it again, and it will be open for the reception of students on and after April 19th. Mr. Walker, the former principal, intends to go to Nebraska.

THE *Republican* is trying to gain comfort from the Bloom election by comparing the vote on inspector, *an office to which both candidates were sure to be elected.* The proper test was Judge, on which we had 40 majority! This is our true majority in the Township.

THE Commissioners should set aside one of the rooms in the Court House for holding Arbitrations and Audits. At present it is the custom to occupy the Prothonotary's or Register's office, much to the annoyance of those officials, to the hindrance of public business and the inconvenience of attorneys and parties interested in suits.

W. H. SMITH, formerly of Orangeville, has written us and announced his safe arrival at Rolla, Phelps Co., Mo.—He gives evidence of his desire to know what is going on in this county, by sending for the COLUMBIAN. He says, "I cannot do without it, for I value it as an old friend." We already have a large number of subscribers in Missouri.

THE river is very high from the late rains. Communication between this place and Catawissa is cut off, the water preventing access to the bridge. The flats near Kingston are all overflowed, and the trains have been unable to get through, those northward bound having been forced to return to Northumberland. Serious fears are entertained of great damage to property on the river bank.

THERE is need of another chandelier in the Court room. The present one is hung so low as to be on a level with the heads of persons occupying seats near the door, and is totally inadequate for the proper lighting of so large a room. Provision has been made for the hanging of two chandeliers, and we trust another may be put up, and the position of the present one changed. At present it is difficult to distinguish the face of a person standing upon the platform unless in close proximity.

THE entertainment given by the "Continental Old Folks" on Wednesday night of last week, in the Court House, was a success. The singing as a whole was good and the selection of songs varied and well chosen. The "Grecian Bend" elicited much merriment, the truthfulness of the representation commending itself to all. The ladies' fashions of a century ago, as presented, were almost as ridiculous as those at present in vogue. The Court House was well filled and the large audience apparently well pleased with the evening's entertainment.

WE recently made a tour among the different schools in this township. The most of them were in good condition; in fact, as a class, we think Bloom has the best teachers in the county. A couple of the buildings are badly located and in a dilapidated condition.

The attendance, though large, shows the remarkable fact that one-half of those entitled to attend our free schools absent themselves. Our Normal School and the demand for labor are not the only causes for the delinquency. The fact that during school hours our saloons and streets are filled with boys, shows how little attention is given to this subject by many of our citizens.

IT is a frequent occurrence to see lying in our streets and alleys the cast off hoops of some lady's gear. A few days since one of our honest country farmers was driving down Centre Street, when he observed that his horse suddenly became very lame, and finally stood still, unable to move. The frightened driver jumped out, and discovered that his horse was fettered by a *set of hoops*. It was with the greatest difficulty he loosened the animal, as the "cussed thing" as he called it, had got wound round and round its feet, under the shoes, and all efforts to cut the "trap" failed. After much difficulty, he succeeded, and the man went home, doubtless to lecture his wife on the advisability of not throwing *her* "fixins" into the street.

ROBBERY.—On Thursday last the R. R. office at this place was entered and robbed of about two hundred tickets and a small sum of money. The day previous, ten dozen eggs had been stolen from a barrel standing upon the platform and awaiting transportation. Suspicion falling upon two little boys who had been seen in the vicinity, they were arrested and, when at the Justice's office, promptly produced the tickets, and stated that the eggs were hidden in a hay-mow. The names of the boys are John Struthers and Benj. Bladen, aged respectively 12 and 10 years. The former was sent to jail; the latter was bailed by his father for appearance at Court.

THE belief is now pretty generally entertained that fruit will not materially suffer this season. We trust this view may prove correct.

ALL applications for Hotel or Restaurant Licenses must be presented by some Attorney. Those interested should guide themselves accordingly.

A BRIGHT LIGHT was seen on Wednesday night last, in a southwesterly direction from this place, which was highly suggestive of a fire. At the time of going to press we have heard no particulars.

As a flock of sheep was crossing a bridge at Danville recently, one of them concluded to jump over into the water. Of course the rest came immediately to the same conclusion, and the result was that eight of them were mutton in a very short time.

THE man who cannot afford to spend four cents a week for a weekly newspaper, but does spend from thirty to fifty cents a day for rot-gut whisky, may not be well *read* on passing events, but as a general thing is quite thoroughly *red* on the point of his nose!

VAN CAMP LODGE I. O. of O. F. of this place on Saturday night last elected the following officers for the ensuing term: N. G., M. K. Appleman; V. G., C. B. Brockway; P. S., C. F. Knapp; A. S., John Powell; Treas., James K. Eyer.

JOS. B. KNITTLE takes the store formerly occupied by McNinch & Shuman at Catawissa. Mr. Knittle has had considerable experience as a merchant, and we are glad to learn that he has decided to settle among his old friends and neighbors in preference to moving to the west.

WE are pleased to announce, that the Harrisburg *Morning Patriot*, now reaches us in the morning's mail, eight hours in advance of the Philadelphia and N. Y. dailies. Persons desirous of obtaining a really good paper, with the latest news reports in advance of any other, should send in their names at once to the "Patriot" Harrisburg, Pa.

COURTS OF LUZERNE.—Jury List.—J. W. Everhard, Hollenback; R. Andreas, Hollenback; Edward Rhe, Salem; P. Weiss, Hollenback; Samuel Fowler, Salem; James C. Stookey, Salem; T. Dodson, New Columbus; Stephen Hess, Hollenback; G. Huff, New Columbus; Nathan Raber, Salem; Samuel Smithers, Salem; G. F. Driesbach, Salem.

ANOTHER disgraceful fight occurred on Main Street, on Monday evening last. In this affair, no distinction was made on account of color, and it terminated, like Congressional legislation in the South, in proving the superiority of the African person over the "poor white trash." We would state here that our firm conviction is, that "Evil communications corrupt good manners."

OUR thanks are due Gen. Wm. J. Palmer for a copy of his valuable "Report of Surveys across the continent in 1867-68 for a route extending the Kansas Pacific Railway to the Pacific Ocean." It is a book of 250 pages and contains a map of the route. Much valuable information concerning the country through which the surveys were made, is set forth, and the whole book is well worthy of perusal.

THE Sunday School Anniversary of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, took place on Sunday last. The amounts subscribed by the different classes during the year were as follows:

Missionary purposes,	$ 32 59
Easter offering,	10 00
Chancel window, (new church)	56 95
Baptismal font,	10 00
Communion table,	52 01
Total,	$161 55

THE lecture of Rev. Dewitt Talmage on Tuesday last was excellent, a very happy combination of humor and sentiment. The anecdotes were fresh and to the point. We have seldom spent a more pleasant evening. The room was well filled and, doubtless, had it not been for the very inclement weather, would have been crowded. The Rev. gentleman can certainly count upon the endorsement of Bloomsburg to his claims as a really good lecturer. The course for the season is now concluded. It has not been so well attended as it should have been, but we believe that, should another course be inaugurated next winter, and lecturers secured of the calibre of Dr. Talmage, there will be no doubt of well filled halls every evening.

NEW POSTMASTER.—Mr. John Ruch, has been appointed Postmaster in this place, *vice* J. S. Sanders, removed. We presume he will take charge of the office on the 1st of April—that is providing he receives his commission in time. It will be removed to the rooms of Michael Frantz, a few doors south of its present location. Mr. Ruch is well acquainted with the duties of the office, having been Postmaster under the administrations of Presidents Buchanan and Lincoln. Although our official career has been a short one—fifteen months—we have striven to do our duty faithfully to the department and to the general satisfaction of the public.—How far we have succeeded, it does not become us to say. We leave it with no regrets.—*Berwick Gazette.*

MOVING.—We never approach the first of April without feelings of the profoundest commiseration for those of our unfortunate fellow beings, who are compelled by any cause or combination of causes, to change their abodes, on that inauspicious day. Nature in a melting mood, usually lends a helping hand in increasing the discomforts and difficulties appertaining thereto. Now, under the clearest sky and on the dryest roads moving is not a pleasant task, but when wind, rain, and all the powers of air, conspire with Mother Earth to render locomotion well nigh impracticable, then, indeed, it becomes a trial both to soul and body. We shudder to think of the damage to goods and chattels from mud and rain, and of the sorrowful faces of neat housewives over the broken glass and china, lost and mislaid household utensils, and the thousand and one mishaps incident to the time. It is unfortunate that the season of migration should also be the one of rains. The movers have our hearty sympathies and wishes for better roads and less damp weather.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

—A map of busy life,
—Its fluctuations and its vast concerns."

NO. XCIX.

FITZ-GREENE HALLECK.

THE Poetical writings of Fitz-Greene Halleck, 1 vol. 12 mo. pp. 389—with steel portrait and illustrations.

The Life and Letters of Fitz-Greene Halleck, 1 vol. 12 mo. pp. 607—with steel portrait and illustrations. Uniform with the Poetical writings. D. Appleton & Co., N. Y. Price $5.00.

These are beautiful books, in paper, type, and binding. They are worthy of the delicious poems they contain, and they will increase the affection of every lover of the pure in taste and style, for the most genuine poet America has yet produced. Mr. Halleck seems like a man of the last generation. When we consider for a moment, that we find ourself approaching the age of forty-four, and remember to have declaimed "Marco Bozzaris" in our school-boy days, and that it was then a classic; we can hardly realize the fact that its author passed from among us, only a little over a year ago. He was a gentleman of the old school, almost the last of a race of men, to whom we look back with respect, and of whom it may well and truly be said, in these degenerate days, 'we ne'er shall look upon their like again.'

Fitz-Greene Halleck was born July 8, 1790, in Guilford, Conn., and is descended on his mother's side, from the celebrated Rev. John Eliot, the Apostle to the Indians. In May, 1811, Halleck went to New York. He secured a situation with Jacob Barker, a leading banker and merchant. Mr. Barker having failed, Halleck went into business as a commission merchant on his own account, and himself failed, because of the destruction of trade by the war of 1812; and he returned to the counting-house of Jacob Barker, where he remained, in all about eighteen years.—About four years after leaving Mr. Barker, to wit, in 1832, Halleck entered the counting-house of John Jacob Astor, where he continued for about seventeen years, retiring in the spring of 1849. He returned to Guilford, his native place, and took up his residence with his sister. He was never married, and seems never to have been sincerely in love, except in verse.

Thus for thirty-five years with the brief interval mentioned above, we find the classic Halleck, the exquisite Poet and genial companion, chained to the daily drudgery of the counting-room; and yet during this time, he was the cherished acquaintance and friend of all the celebrated men of the day. What a charming book would have been the diary of Halleck, gossiping with Cooper and Poe, with Drake and Dickens, with Irving and Hawthorne, with Jas. K. Paulding and Geo. P. Morris, and other distinguished poets, statesmen and politicians, running through a period of so many years.

In 1822, Halleck made a brief tour to Europe. He visited many of those celebrated spots which he so happily styles "The Meccas of the mind," and met many persons, whose careers are part of the current or literary history of the world. It is not our purpose to do more than merely mention some of the prominent facts in the life of Halleck; referring the reader for details, anecdotes, scraps and history, to the very pleasant volume at the head of this article. Mr. Wilson has executed his task with a real love for his subject, and completed his work with a full and exhaustive index, without which no book is perfect. We cannot forbear giving one anecdote.

Halleck always entertained a high opinion of General Jackson's military abilities, and during the late civil war, meeting a venerable friend of nearly ninety, who was extremely feeble, Halleck said to him: "Well, my friend, if you are soon to be taken from us, as you anticipate, I wish, when you reach the other world, that you would do me the favor to ask General Jackson if he won't return and take command of the army of the Potomac for a few weeks."

We have taken up so much space with the life of Halleck, so quiet and uneventful as not to have been well known that we have no space left to speak of his poems—and yet, who needs to be told of them? What school-boy does not know "Marco Bozzaris?" Who has not read and re-read, his "Wild Rose of Alloway," the most elegant and touching eulogium ever pronounced or written upon the Poet, Burns? Has anybody forgotten his exquisite address to 'Red Jacket, Chief of the Tuscaroras?' But we forbear. At this rate we shall be giving a list of his works.

No man who has written so little, has left so many lines that linger in the memory. Of him who could stand beside the grave of Burns and not feel his soul glow with the divinest feeling, he has well said, that man's

"Name is written on
The roll of common men."

And of the resting place of Burns itself—

"Such graves as his are pilgrim-shrines,
Shrines to no code or creed confined—
The Delphian vales, the Palestines,
The Meccas of the mind."

And so in that dirge, known everywhere, in memory of his friend Joseph Rodman Drake, the following lines have been oftener quoted than almost any others we can recall.

"None knew thee but to love thee,
Nor named thee but to praise."

And while on this subject, we would like to make a suggestion to the author and editor of the "Life, Letters, and Poems of Halleck;" which is, that he gives us as companion volumes, the "Life, Letters and Poems of Drake." In those he can work up the material on hand, and place this generation under lasting obligations.

We give a couple of views of 'woman,' and reading them, be it remembered, Halleck was a bachelor.

"But woman's love all change will mock,
And, like the ivy round the oak,
Cling closer in the storm."

Then this.

"All honor to woman, the Sweetheart the wife.
The delight of our homesteads by night and by day,
The darling who never does harm in her life
Except when determined to have her own way."

And then we have "Fanny," "The Recorder," "The Croakers," all brimful of fun, poetry and satire, which must be read, to be fully enjoyed.

Among Mr. Halleck's earliest poems, 1810, is one, to "Religion, written on a blank leaf of my Prayer-book," which give his earliest as well as his latest sentiments. He was a life long member of the Episcopal church, ever attending her devout service, and loving her beautiful liturgy, he died in her blest communion, and over his grave were repeated the impressive prayers of her burial service. His remains rest in his native Guilford, and on the monument erected to his memory, are those appropriate lines from his most celebrated poem.

One of the few, the immortal names
That were not born to die.

Local Notices.

FROM NEW YORK.—Miller & Wolf have just received a complete assortment of Spring Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, &c., all of the newest and prettiest patterns. Their stock is so extensive and so well selected that they can hardly fail to please the tastes of all.

DON'T DO IT! That is to say, don't buy your Spring clothes until you have called on David Lowenberg and looked at his assortment of cloths, the best without doubt, ever offered to the citizens of this county. The styles are unusually pretty this year, and Lowenburg has obtained the choicest. By all means call on him and satisfy yourselves.

UP TO TIME.—As soon as the weather will permit the wearing of light clothing, we may expect to see the store of our friend Chemberlin filled with eager buyers. He has everything to be desired in the way of clothing. All the latest patterns of spring goods now received and ready to be made up in his unequalled style. Moderate prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

NEW.—The first number of a new magazine with the title of "Our Own," has been received. It is illustrated by two full-page engravings, and contains, besides, well selected Prose and Poetry, three pages of music by Alice Hawthorne. Among its contributors we notice the names of R Shelton Mackenzie, Ruth Fairfax, Alice Hawthorne and other writers well and favorably known Edited by Fannie Warner and published by Gillin, M'Guigan & Griffin, 701 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, at $2 a year or 20 cents per number.

IN one of Dr. Ayer's lectures he states that Chemistry confers more practical benefit on mankind than any other science, yet from no other source could *more* be so easily obtained. The arts and economies which chemistry would teach, if more thoroughly and generally studied, would speedily exercise a most beneficent influence. He freely confesses that he is indebted to this science for the virtues of his remedies, and advises that the practical application of chemistry to medicine, the arts, manufactures, and agriculture, be enjoined upon our colleges and schools.—Wrightsville (Pa.) Star.

RECORD OF A STRONG COMPANY.—The National Life Insurance Company, which received its charter from the national Congress in July last, has already made its record in unmistakable characters. With its agencies as yet only in process of organization, it has, as we learn, issued insurance to an amount exceeding seven million dollars. This we think is a very marked success—it is so much needful work well done.

The Company does a strictly cash business as being in its judgment the simplest and best for both the insurer and insured, and it never complicates its affairs with either notes, loans, or dividends, and thus leaves no door open to misapprehension or disappointment in the future. While the principle of "so much insurance for so much money" is rigidly adhered to, and every policy has thus a fixed and determinate value, all accumulations that might otherwise be declared as dividends at some future time, *are discounted in advance*, and the exact pro rata is *counted in* with the amount of each policy when it is issued.

Managed by men of the highest financial ability and undoubted integrity, protected by a large paid up cash capital, and possessing all the elements that have given success to other similar enterprises, we should expect this would become one of the most successful institutions of its kind.

—An Irish girl, of Easton, has fallen heir to $50,000. She is believed to be much handsomer than formerly.

—A Minnesota man who had dislocated his jaw, walked twelve miles with his mouth agape, to have the disjointed member set.

—A Faribault (Minn.) physician trimmed a corn too closely; gangrene set in, amputation of the leg became necessary, and the day following the operation he died.

Receipts of "THE COLUMBIAN" for March, 1869.

J H Maize	$ 1 40	W M Ikeler	50
Jacob Reichard	9 60	Centre twp	2 75
Seth Shoemaker	2 00	John R Davis	2 00
Wm Howell	2 00	E H Little	15 50
James Iddine	1 00	Daniel Snyder	3 50
Jesse Mericle	85	Thos Trench	8 00
Theo Welliver	4 00	C C Marr	1 00
R J Millard	7 40	Jesse Shoemaker	2 50
Isaac Vanderbach	4 00	Samuel Keichner	2 00
J B Harman	2 00	Saul Giger	1 00
Perry Wiltenright	2 50	John Koons	50
Post Office Department	91 60	Chas Miller	2 00
C C Marr	1 00	G C Harliman	2 50
John Smith	2 00	Philip Appleman	2 00
Esther Dieterich	2 00	D F J C Ritter	8 60
John W Miller	3 00	J H Maize	80
Peter Miller's Est	2 00	F J Kline	1 00
Jesse Coleman	8 25	Blanks	90
Horace Hallock	3 10	Geo Appleman	2 00
I L Rich	4 00	Chas Miller	3 10
J G Freeze	3 15	J M Buckalew	2 00
D W Remaly	1 05	S Fleckenstine	3 00
Wm Turney	9 00	Saml Hagenbuch	2 00
J M Freck	7 20	Henry Wagner	1 00
John Orman	2 00	Wm Abbott	1 00
Daniel Hagenbuch	3 00	Friendship Fire Co	3 00
Wm Gooman	2 00	S R Pennington	3 00
J Hazenbuch	3 00	Geo Drieshach	2 00
Blanks	2 25	E L Adams	2 00
Walter Scott	2 00	O A Jacoby	2 00
D K Sloan	5 00	F Reighard	1 50
Geo Cavince	4 00	Patrick Roney	1 00
Peter Miller	2 00	Jeremiah Hess	2 00
Henry Lazarus	6 50	W C Robbeen	2 00
Noah Mouser	2 00	Peter Downs	2 00
Mosea Hower	2 00	Wm Karchner	2 00
John Reid	2 00	John Foster	2 00
Henry Bogart	88	C K Mensch	2 00
Blanks	1 00	D T M'Kiernan	2 00
James Emmett	45	D W Armstrong	8 00
Joseph Lilley	1 65	Cyrus Dimott	1 00
DrH W'M Reynolds	75	C C Marr	1 00
John Swartwout	9 25	Saml Ohl	2 00
E J Phillips	7 00	Daniel Fry	2 00
H Swoop	50	Emanuel Fry	2 00
E G Ricketts	2 00	Dr. P. John	3 00
Isaac Kline	12	C H Hess	60
Samuel Oman	2 00	John Shuter	2 40
J L Kramer	2 00	A J Albertson	2 00
J V Reeder	2 00	Ezra Vandine	2 00
John Leggett	5 00	John Snyder	2 50
Samuel Fifer's Est	6 00	Solomon Harman	2 00
Neyhard & Miller	2 50	Richard Kitchen	2 00
Saml Neyhard	4 00	John M White	2 00
Blanks	1 10	Amanda M'Bride	2 00
John Levan	5	Wm Miller	2 00
Wyoming Insurance Company	15 00	Peter Swank	2 50
Philip Litchard	2 50	John Scheil	2 00
John Moser	2 50	John Michael	2 00

LEGAL NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Wm. H. Schlabach, bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. H. Schlabach, of Berwick, Bor. in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

J. B. ROBISON,
Mar. 12, '69-3t. Assignee.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western district of Pensylvania, in the matter of John H. Kleckner, bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of John H. Kleckner, of Scott twp. in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

J. B. ROBISON,
Mar. 12, '69-3t. Assignee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUNRO'S TEN CENT NOVELS. Are the oldest, the best, and the most popular. They are all written by such standard writers as Captain Carleton, Captain Mayne Reid, I. Augustus Jones, Edward S. Ellis, &c., &c. As books for the young, they are unequalled by any works published; always pure in tone, lively, and full of adventure. Persons desiring those books will please order "MUNRO'S," and see that none others are given in their place.

The following are those already issued:

Nos.	The Hunters	74	Black Prophet
2	Trapper's Retreat	75	Old Norie, the Hunter
3	Patriot Highwayman	76	Tiger-Eye
4	Fugitives of the Forest	77	Revolutionary Joe
5	Mountains	78	Jack, Buffalo-Catcher
6	Track of Fire	79	Tom Turrin, Trapper
7	Man-Eaters	80	Scout of the St. Lawrence
8	Charlotte Temple	81	Leather Legs
9	Death Face	82	Bloody Brook
10	Indian Slayer	83	Wolf-Slayer
11	Turtle-Catcher	84	Long Bow
12	Hunter's Triumph	85	Coney Bush
13	Ocean Rovers	86	Robin Hood and his Merry Men
14	Tory Outwitted	87	Spy of the Delaware
15	Zeke Bernaun	88	"Sod Kit," Scout
16	Captive Maiden	89	Hank Wiggins, Esq
17	Long-Legged Joe	90	Spider Legs
18	Wild Scout of the Mountains	91	Old Trapper's Pride
19	Forest Lodge,	92	Marksman the Hunter
20	Rollicking Rangers	93	Grizzly Jake
21	Rattlesnake Dick	94	Spotted Ian
22	Rickety Tom, the Rover	95	The Bloody Footprint or, the Adventures of a New York Navvy
23	Imps of the Prairie	96	Old Rube, the Trapper
24	Robber's Terror	97	Big-Mouthed Trapper
25	Joe, the "Sarpint"	98	Panther Jake
26	Lieutenant, the Scout	99	Snake-Eye, or the Bandit Miller
27	Giant Spy of Bunker Hill	100	Old Nick of the Swamp.
28	Bear Creek, the Wild Half-Breed	101	Gamecock of the Sierras
29	Squint-Eyed Bob	102	Old Zeke
30	Rocky Mountaineer,	103	Dog-Face
31	Rolling Thunder; or the Rival War Chiefs	104	Sharp Snout
32	Heavy Hatchet, the Scout	105	Tuscaloosa Sam
33	Sly Sam, the Quaker Spy	106	Slim Jim
34	Prairie Jake	107	Red Rattlesnake
35	Fatal Marksman	108	Black Sampson
36	Eagle-Eyed Zeke	109	Ugly Ike
37	Big Rifle Nick	110	Squatty Dick
38	Bold Scalp-Hunter	111	Rackskull, the Avenger
39	Tory Spy	112	Turkey Foot
40	Wealth and Beauty	113	Hawk-Eye, the Hunter
41	Rover of the Forest	114	Madman of the Ocean
42	Giant of the Woods	115	David Bunker
43	Crazy Trapper	116	Blazing Arrow
44	Long-Headed Hunter	117	Jack
45	Old Jim of the Woods	118	Twin Trappers
46	Mad Mike	119	Riding Tom
47	White-Headed Hunter	120	Bloody Wolf
48	Old Ellsworth	121	Long-Headed Mike
49	Big-Hearted Joe	122	Thunder-Cloud
50	Scout of Long Island	123	Harold of the Hills
51	Five Wheels, the Demon Mountains	124	Texas Joe
52	Black Bill, the Trapper	125	Creole Forger—By Capt. Mayne Reid
53	Red Men of the Woods	126	Red Star of the Seminoles
54	Grim Dick, the Outlaw	127	Bullet Head
55	Eyed Rodger	128	Hunter Zeb
56	Indian Queen's Revenge	129	Scout of the Scioto
57	Old Scout of the Cave	130	Forest Hunters
58	Big Sweat, the Hercules	131	Mad Betsey
59	Mexican Jo, the Snake Charmer	132	Indian Stratagem
60	Gipsy Jack	135	Witch of the Swamps
61	Scarlet Warrior	136	Old Paul
62	Scout of Tippecanoe	137	Hunter's Secret
63	Schinderhannes	138	Rival Captains
64	Bride of Wolf Glen	139	Little Foot Trapper
65	Buffalo Jack, Trapper	140	Wild Ride
66	Scout of the Rio Grande	142	Fighting Nat
67	Daring Backwoodsman	143	Hunter of the Black Hills
68	Chimney Post	144	The Indian Spirit
69	Stranger's Grave	145	Iron-Handed Trapper
70	Mad Nancy, the Fortune-Teller	146	Hunters and Redskins
71	Long Rifle Hunter	147	Wooden-Legged Spy
72	Wooden-Legged Spy	148	Main Sail Haul
73	Long Legs, the equator.		

These books are for sale by all newsdealers, and are sent postpaid on receipt of price—Ten Cents each.

GEORGE MUNRO,
P. O. Box 5657. 118 William street, N.Y.
Mar. 5, '69-4m.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

THE SINGER SEWING MACHINE
HEADS THE LIST,

And leads the column 4,998 ahead of all others. This Machine is the

MOST POPULAR IN USE.

It uses the finest needle of any Machine in existence.
Any lady wanting a good

SEWING MACHINE,

Will consult her own interests by buying a SINGER. It is easier to run, learn and keep in order than any Machine in the world.

OVER 350,000 OF THEM IN USE.

The fullest instruction given those who purchase, and the Machine WILL BE WARRANTED to you for one year.

Please call at my Store and satisfy yourselves. Here you will find Needles, Thread and Silk.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Agent
April 3, '68-1f. Bloomsburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., on Saturday, the 10th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon Samuel Creasy, Administrator of Charles H. Hess's Estate late of Millmont twp., in said county, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue, on the premises, a certain undivided half of a message of

LOT OF GROUND,

situate in Centerville, Columbia county, (Daniel Jamison owning the other undivided half of the said lot,) adjoining the main road two alleys, and the Evangelical or Albright Methodist Church lot with the appurtenances. Whereon is erected a

TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

Late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Centre and county aforesaid.

Bloomsburg, Pa., JESSE COLEMAN, Clerk.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation nisi; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation nisi.

SAMUEL CREASY,
Mar. 12, '69-4t. Administrator.

FOR SALE, VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscribers offer at private sale, a valuable tract of land lying in Orange township, Columbia county, about one half mile from LIGHT STREET:

on the public road leading to Orangeville; and known as the Powder Mill Farm, and containing about

SEVENTY ACRES OF LAND,

of which Fifty acres is cleared, and under good cultivation. There are on the premises

A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE,

a Frame Stable, some fruit trees, a spring of good water, and the Light School House.

PRICE EIGHTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS.

TERMS.—One third cash, and the balance secured by Bond and Mortgage, on payments to suit purchasers.

NOTA BENE.—The water power formerly used to drive the Powder Mill, and suitable for a Saw Mill, Tannery, Woollen Factory, Distillery or other light manufacturing purposes; will be sold either with the above or separately at $500 on the same terms.

WELLINGTON H. ENT,
Mar. 12, '69-3m.* JOHN G. FREEZE.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

$2000 A YEAR.

With little labor, something entirely new for all those out of employment, astonishing results heard from, every day since discovered $5 to $10 per day made by every one who has yet taken hold of the business, open to all, no capital required. All those having any fear of being humbuged will oblige me by not noticing this; all others address me without delay. For particulars please enclose stamp for circular. Address Valentine Blank, New Bloomfield Perry Co., Pa.
Nov. 27, '68-9m.*

B. D. Wilson & Co. SAN FRANCISCO. | Thos. H. Morrow, A. L. CHAMBERLIN, NEW YORK.

Our Lake and Mound Vineyard Wines and Brandies, so popular on the Pacific Coast, are pressed from as fine fruit as is produced in the world. We grow the grapes, run our own presses, and offer them as our own production. We invite orders from the trade under the full guarantee of the house of their absolute purity.

WILSON, MORROW & CHAMBERLIN,
Mar. 5, '69-1m. 45 Murray street, N. Y.

GET THE BEST.

Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod is the best protection against disaster by lightning ever invented. The subscriber is agent for the bove invention, and all orders by mail or in person will be promptly attended to.

May 15, '68 E. B. BIDLEMAN.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of Hiram H. Brown, bankrupt. To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Hiram H. Brown, of Scott township in the county of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

M. WHITMOYER,
Mar. 12, '69-3t. Assignee.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, an Auditor to distribute the assets arising from the Sheriff's Sale of the Real Estate of Jonathan R. Gardner, among the lien creditors, will meet the parties interested at the Prothonotary's office in Bloomsburg on Thursday the 8th day of April 1869 at 10 o'clock A.M. for the purpose of his appointment.

GEO. S. COLEMAN,
Mar. 12, '69-3t Auditor.

MERCHANDISE.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, two doors above the American House,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS,

SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS,

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortmen of

CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

DAVID LOWENBURG.

CLOTHES BY MACHINERY.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the public to his new and approved method of making clothes by a system based upon mathematical principles, which renders it impossible to be otherwise than perfectly accurate

He claims for this method the following advantages.

FIRST.

Perfect accuracy.

SECOND.

A saving of two thirds of the time usually taken to cut out the cloth.

THIRD.

Ability to measure any figure so as to insure a good fit.

FOURTH.

That it does away with the necessity of being measured more than once, as often is the case, from the misapprehension or mistake of 1 measurer.

He would urge the public to give it a trial, as he is satisfied that it will give perfect satisfaction. He will be happy to exhibit and explain its working at any time to visitors.

J. W. CHEMBERLIN
March 29, 1868. Main St., below Market.

MERCHANDISE.

NOTICE IS HE EBY GIVEN

To my friends and the public generally, that all kinds of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
NOTIONS, &C.,

are constantly on hand and for sale

AT BARTON'S OLD STAND,
BLOOMSBURG, BY
JAMES K. EYER.

☞ Also, Sole Agent for ELLIS' PHOSPHATE OF LIME. Large lot constantly on hand. [feb6'67.

A $5,00 GREENBACK Of full value sent free to any Book Agent

AGENTS WANTED FOR
MATTHEW HALE SMITH'S NEW BOOK;
"Sunshine and Shadow in New York."

A WORK REPLETE WITH ANECDOTES, INCIDENTS OF LIFE IN THE GREAT METROPOLIS, BEING A MIRROR OF NEW YORK, REFLECTING THE SECRETS OF THE GREAT CITY.

One Agent sold 80 in one day, another sold and delivered 227 in 15 days, another 300 in 7 days. No book ever published that sells so rapidly.

IF YOU WISH TO KNOW HOW FORTUNES ARE MADE AND LOST IN A DAY:

How Shrewd Men are ruined in Wall Street; how Countrymen are swindled by Sharpers; how Ministers and Merchants are Blackmailed; how Banks Halls and Concert Saloons are Managed; how Gambling Houses and Lotteries are conducted; how Stock Companies Originate and how the Bubbles Burst, &c, read this work. It tells you about the mysteries of New York, and contains spicy like sketches of its noted millionaires, merchants, &c. A large Octavo Volume, 720 pages, Finely Illustrated. The largest commission given. Our 32 page circular and a $5,00 Greenback sent free on application. For full particulars and terms address the sole publishers,

J. B. BURR & CO., Hartford Conn.
Feb. 5, '68.-3mo.

NEW EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE.

LOCK STITCH,

RECEIVED THE FIRST PRIZE AT THE GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE,

In New York, Oct. 27, 1867.

And highest

For The Young Folks.

Prince Cheri.

(*Continued.*)

When Cheri grew up, and was capable of reasoning, he soon learnt that there was nothing so odious as to be proud, vain, and obstinate. He made some efforts to correct himself, but he had unfortunately contracted all these defects; and a bad habit is very difficult to eradicate. It was not that he had naturally a bad heart: he wept with annoyance when he had committed a fault, and said, "How unfortunate am I in having to fight thus all my days against my pride and my temper! If they had corrected me when I was young, I should not now have had so much trouble."

His ring pricked him very often. Sometimes he stopped immediately, at others he persisted in his ill-behaviour; and what was very singular was, that it pricked him very slightly for a light offence, but when he did anything really wicked, it would make the blood spirt from his finger. At length he grew impatient at this, and wishing to sin at his ease, he threw away his ring. He thought himself the happiest of men when he was released from its pricking. He abandoned himself to the follies which entered his head, till at length he became quite wicked, and nobody could bear him.

One day that Cheri was out walking he saw a young maiden so beautiful, that he determined to marry her. She was called Zelie, and she was as good as she was pretty. Cheri imagined that Zelie would be most happy to become a great Queen; but the girl told him, with much firmness, "Sir, I am only a shepherdess; I have no fortune; but in spite of that I will not marry you." "Am I displeasing to you?" asked Cheri, a little offended. "No, Prince," replied Zelie; "I think you are very handsome; but what would be the advantage to me of your beauty, your riches, the fine clothes, and magnificent carriages which you would give me, if the bad actions I should daily see you commit forced me to despise and hate you?"

Cheri became enraged with Zelie, and ordered his officers to carry her by force to his palace. He brooded all day long over the contempt with which this girl had treated him; but as he loved her, he could not make up his mind to harm her. Amongst the favourites of Cheri was his foster-brother, whom he had made his confidant. This man, whose inclinations were as low as his birth, flattered the passions of his master, and gave him very bad advice. When he saw Cheri so sad, he asked the cause of his grief. The Prince having replied that he could not bear the contempt of Zelie, and that he had determined to correct himself of his faults, because he must be virtuous to please her, this wicked man said, "You are very good to give yourself so much trouble for a little girl. If I were in your place, I would force her to obey me. Remember that you are King, and that it would be a shame for you to submit to the will of a shepherdess, who should be only too happy to be amongst your slaves. Make her fast on bread and water; put her in prison; and if she continue to refuse to marry you, let her die by torture, in order to teach others to yield to your wishes. You will be disgraced if it be known that a simple girl resists your pleasure, and all your subjects will forget that they are placed in this world only to serve you." "But," said Cheri, "shall I not be disgraced if I put to death an innocent girl? For in fact Zelie is guilty of no crime." "No one is innocent who refuses to obey your commands," replied the confidant. "But suppose you do commit an injustice, it is better to be accused of that than to let it be known that it is permitted to be wanting in respect for you or to contradict you."

The courtier knew Cheri's weak point; and the fear of seeing his authority diminished made such an impression on the King, that he stifled the good impulse which had given him the wish to correct himself. He resolved to go the same evening into the chamber of the shepherdess, and to ill treat her if she still refused to marry him.

The foster-brother of Cheri, who feared some good change in him, assembled three young lords as wicked as himself to carouse with the King. They supped together; and the courtiers took care to cloud the reason of the poor Prince by making him drink deep. During the repast they excited his anger against Zelie, and made him so ashamed of the tenderness he had shown for her, that he rose like a madman, swearing that he would make her obey him, or sell her the next day as a slave.

Cheri having entered the chamber in which the girl had been shut up, was surprised not to find her there, for he had the key in his pocket. He was in a frightful rage, and swore to be avenged on those whom he should suspect of having aided her to escape. His confidants hearing him speak thus, resolved to profit by his anger to rid themselves of a nobleman who had been Cheri's governor. This worthy man had occasionally taken the liberty of pointing out to the King his faults, for he loved him as though he had been his own son. At first Cheri had thanked him, but at length he grew impatient at being contradicted, and then began to think it was only from a spirit of opposition that his governor found fault with him, whilst every one else praised him. He ordered him, therefore, to retire from court; but notwithstanding this order, he admitted now and then that he was an honest man; that he no longer loved him, but that he esteemed him in spite of himself. The favourites were always in dread of the King recalling the governor, and they now imagined they had found a favorable opportunity of getting rid of him altogether. They represented to the King that Suliman (such was the name of the worthy man) had boasted that he would set Zelie at liberty. They bribed three men, who deposed that they had overheard Suliman speak to this effect; and the Prince, transported with anger, commanded his foster-brother to send a guard to bring the governor to him fettered like a criminal.

After having given these orders, Cheri retired to his room; but hardly had he entered it, when the ground trembled, he heard a tremendous clap of thunder, and Candid appeared before him. "I promised your father," said she to him, in a severe tone, "to give you advice, and to punish you if you refused to follow it. You have scorned that advice; you have retained but the form of a man; your crimes have changed you into a monster, the horror of heaven and earth. It is time I should fulfil my promise by punishing you. I condemn you to become like the beasts whose inclinations you already copy. You have resembled the lion in your rage, the wolf in your gluttony, the serpent by wounding him who has been your second father, and the bull by your brutality. You shall bear in your new form the trace of all these animals."

WHAT do the Arabs of the desert live on, pa?" asked a roguish girl of her father. "Fudge, Nelly, that's an old conundrum. They live on the *sand which* is there,"—"Yes, but, pa, how do they get 'em?' "Well really, Nelly you have me there. I give it up." "Why pa, you know that the sons of *Ham are bred and mustered* in the Wilderness?" "Come, come, my daughter, that is too killing, don't say another word." "Oh, yes, do tell me what they eat on their sandwiches?"—"Eat on 'em; why what do they eat on 'em?" "Butter to be sure." "Butter? How do they get their butter?" "Why do you know, pa, that when Lot's wife turned into a pillar of salt, all the family *but her* ran into the wilderness."

Farmer's Department.

A Lovely Beast.

A VAGUE idea seems to prevail with some that a good cow makes her milk in some mysterious way, drawing it from the depths of her moral consciousness, rather than from the food which she puts into her machine. Some farmers seem to act upon this theory and thus take pains *not* to supply their cows with plenty of good succulent food. Verily, these Sol Silcox farmers have their reward; their cows look meanly, and feel meanly, and give as little milk as possible. These men take no prizes at agricultural festivals, they envy those who do, and they are apt to be slow about paying up their grocers' bills. There are a number of them about the country, but we trust the last will soon die out.

A good cow deserves a better man than that. A good cow does her utmost to minister to our pleasure and profit, and deserves careful and good treatment. Remember that, after a sort, she is violating her nature to please us. The natural or wild cow gives milk to suckle her young for a few months, and then runs dry some eight or nine months of the year; while our cow gives her milk for ten months in the year without ceasing. We deprive her of the pleasure of suckling her young, and say to her: "Grind up this fodder into milk for us—work!" and she does it, producing for us some three thousand quarts of milk per year. We have induced her to forego her own pleasure, to forget her child and to work for us; and, for my part, I hold her to be a lovely beast. He, therefore, who strikes a cow, or kicks a cow, or starves a cow, deserves the stick, the kick, and starvation. When I am king, I propose to myself to keep, for such fellows' use, a breezy knoll, wind always north, thermometer at 10 degrees, a gentle sleety rain seasoned with hail, a four-rail fence, mostly tumbled down; in this delicious retreat I propose to allow the Sol Silcoxes to stand without overcoats, with their backs up and heads down; there they can chew their cuds, and perhaps find them sweet—as the good cows do not.

What we ask the cow to do, and what she does do, is to convert cheap or uninviting food into good and dear food. That is, we put into a cow, per day, say

Twenty pounds of hay, at one-half cent	10
Nine pounds of sprouts or meal, at two cents	18
Total	28

and we ask her to produce from it ten quarts of nice milk, worth, at six and a half cents, some sixty or sixty-five cents. Now, the cow does not wish to do this, she wishes to suckle her calf, to lick it and play with it, and then to wander at her own sweet will along the meadows and bushy pastures. But she foregoes her own wishes, and pleases us; and more than that she does it kindly and serenely. Is she not then a most lovely beast?

Is there any human beast who ever does so? None! not one!—"*The Milk Makers,*" *in April Galaxy.*

How to Make a Horse's Bed.

IF the ideas of a score of farmers touching the manner of making a decent bed for a horse could be written out, doubtless the document would be a strange commentary upon stable management and grooming. The best material for making a bed for a horse confined in a stall is short straw, chaff sawdust, or dry tan-bark. If straw be long it will pay to run it through a fodder cutter that will cut it in lengths of three inches. Then after removing all the droppings of the animals, let the litter—whatever it is—be spread evenly over the entire stall floor, not less than three inches in depth. This will not fail to make a comfortable bed for a weary animal, after he has finished his evening feeding. When short machine straw is employed for bedding, the first thing, which will always be found of prime importance, is to remove the droppings from the stall. It may seem strange to many grooms that we insist so strenuously on the removal of the accumulations of the stall. But it is a practice with a great many farmers to clean their stalls only once a week; and in many instances, the part of the stall round the hind feet of the animal is allowed to be filled with manure, and packed down six inches in depth. No animal can lie down with any kind of comfort while his bed is so uneven. Let the droppings be removed back beyond the feet of the horse, every evening, if nothing more. Then, with a wooden-tined stable fork, shake the straw to pieces and scatter it evenly over the stall floor, not less than one foot deep. There is nothing lost by using a large quantity of straw for bedding. On the contrary, there will be much gained in two ways, viz: in the saving of valuable liquid manure by absorption, and in affording quiet rest for a horse after having performed hard service. Most horses are exceedingly fastidious about their beds, and unless a comfortable and clean place has been prepared, they will not lie down for several successive days. On the contrary, if the bed be made as directed, horses will lie down for many hours, when they would otherwise have continued to stand until their limbs were so swollen and weary that they could keep on their feet no longer. A horse is a very neat animal, and he will not lie down in filth, or on a cold floor, unless he is exceedingly weary.—*N. Y. Times.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

NATIONAL
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHARTERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF CONGRESS
APPROVED JULY 25, 1868,

CASH CAPITAL, - $1,000,000.
PAID IN FULL.

BRANCH OFFICE:
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA,
Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

OFFICERS:
CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, Chartered by special act of Congress, 1868.
It has a paid-up capital of $1,000,000.
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
It is a home company in every locality.
Its policies are exempt from attachment;
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Polices may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, or to
E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia,
General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JOEL E. BRADLEY, Bloomsburg Pa.,
Special Agent for Montour & Columbia Counties
Feb. 19,'69.-1yr.

UNFAILING EYE PRESERVERS,
Messrs. LAZARUS & MORRIS,
OPTICIANS & OCULISTS
HARTFORD, CONN.,
Have, with a view to meet the increased demand for their
CELEBRATED
PERFECTED SPECTACLES,
Appointed
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
As their sole Agent for this place. They have taken care to give all needful instructions, and have confidence in the ability of their agents to meet the requirements of all customers. An opportunity will be thus afforded to procure, at all times
SPECTACLES UNEQUALLED BY ANY FOR THEIR STRENGTHENING AND PRESERVING QUALITIES,
Too much cannot be said as to their SUPERIORITY over the ordinary glasses worn. There is *no glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness,* or other unpleasant sensation, but on the contrary, from the peculiar construction of the Lenses they are *soothing and pleasant,* causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and PRODUCING A CLEAR and DISTINCT VISION, as in the *natural healthy sight.* They are the only Spectacles that
PRESERVE AS WELL AS ASSIST THE SIGHT!
And are the CHEAPEST because the BEST, always lasting MANY YEARS without change being necessary.

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CAUTION.
Miss A. D. WEBB,
STATIONER,
BLOOMSBURG PA.,
Is the ONLY Agent appointed in this place.
☞ WE EMPLOY NO PEDDLERS.
Feb. 19,'68,-1y.

WE HAVE NO
TRAVELING AGENTS
Farmers and Dealers who send their orders *direct* to us, can avail themselves of the
LOWEST PRICES
And *save the Commission.* Early orders will be advantageous to buyers.
ALLEN & NEEDLES.
MANUFACTURERS OF
IMPROVED
SUPER—PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
AND THE
AMMONIATED FERTILIZER.

PERUVIAN GUANO.
We sell only No. 1—received direct from the Government.
FISH GUANO.
A splendid Manure packed in barrels.

We also offer for sale PURE LAND PLASTER, HYDRAULIC CEMENT and a full assortment of OILS and Candles. A DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.
ALLEN & NEEDLES,
42 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.
For sale by THE BLOOMSBURG IRON CO.,
Feb. 19,'69-3m. BLOOMSBURG PA.

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 235 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

1,000 MEN WANTED
$50 per week profit on $5 Capital. Something entirely new. Send for circular and Terms. No gift enterprise or humbug. Address M. J. Yarnell, 50 Cannon Street, N. Y.
Feb. 26,'69-3m.

DRY GOODS.

MILLER'S STORE.
FRESH ARRIVAL OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the lowest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises
LADIES' DRESS GOODS
of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles:

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.
In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.
S. H. MILLER & SON.
Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
AT PETER ENT'S STORE,
IN LIGHT STREET,
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received and has on hand at his old stand in Light Street, a large and select
ASSORTMENT OF MERCHANDISE
purchased at the lowest figure, and which he determined to sell on as moderate terms as be procured elsewhere in Light Street,
FOR CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.
His stock consists of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
choicest styles and latest fashions,
Calicoes, Muslins,
Ginghams, Flannels,
Hosiery, Carpets,
Silks, Shawls,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Satinetts, Cassimers,
Cottonades, Kentucky Jeans.
&C., &C. &C.
GROCERIES, MACKEREL,
Queensware, Cedarware, Hardware, Medicines, Drugs, Oils, Paints, &c.
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.
In short everything usually kept in a country store. The patronage of his old friends and the public generally, is respectfully solicited.
The highest market price paid for country produce. PETER ENT.
Light Street, Nov. 8 1867.

J. J. BROWER,
Is now offering to the public his Stock of
SPRING GOODS
consisting in part of a full line of
INGRAIN, WOOL AND RAG
CARPETS,
Fine cloths and cassimere for Ladies' coats,
HANDSOME DRESS GOODS,
of all patterns and qualities, Inlaids and Prints of various qualities and prices,
BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS,
LADIE'S FRENCH CORSETS,
AND
BALMORAL SKIRTS.
Good assortment of
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S GAITERS & BOOTS.
Fresh Groceries and Spices. New assortment
GLASS AND QUEENS-WARE,
FX—NO. 1 MACKEREL
in one-half and one-fourth barrels.
Now is the time to make your selections, as I am offering goods at very low prices, and our motto is fair dealing to all, and not to be undersold by any.
J. J. BROWER.
Bloomsburg, April 12, 1867.

1115 HOOP SKIRTS. 1115
WM. T. HOPKINS
Has Removed his Manufactory and Salesrooms to No. 1115 CHESTNUT, ST. PHILADELPHIA, Where his "Own Make" of Champion Hoop Skirts, especially adapted to First-class *Wholesale and Retail* Trade, will be found to embrace the most extensive assortment in the Union, and all the latest and most desirable Styles, Shapes, Lengths and Sizes, 2, 2½, 2½, 3, 3½ yards round, of Plain and Gored Duners, Walking Skirts, Reception Trails, &c. &c. together with over ninety different varieties of Misses' and Children's Skirts, all of which for symmetry of style, finish, lightness, elasticity, durability and real Cheapness, are unequaled by any other goods in the market, and are warranted in every respect. Skirts made to order, Altered and Repaired, Wholesale and Retail.
Full lines of Low Priced Eastern Made Skirts, 15 Springs, 35 Cents; 20 Springs, 45 Cents; 25 Springs, 55 Cents; 30 Springs, 65 Cents; and 40 Springs, 75 Cents.
CORSETS! CORSETS!! CORSETS!!! 57 different styles and prices, from 75 Cents to $7.00, embracing H. Worley, "Becket," Glove Fitting, Madame Foy's Corset Skirt Supporters, Mrs. Mossly's Patient "Self-Adjusting Abdominal" Corsets, French, English and Domestic Handmade Corsets, and superior French Patterns of Coteli Corsets, "our own Make," to which we invite especial attention.
Complete assortment of Ladies' Under Garments, at very low prices.
GENERAL AGENT for the BARTRAM AND FANTON FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, superior to any other before the public. Fifty-two of these No. 1 Machines, Price $55 each, are being given away to our customers, in order to get them introduced. Every person in want of articles in our line, should examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Call or send for circulars, at our Manufactory and Salesrooms, No. 1115 Chestnut st., Philadelphia. WM. T. HOPKINS.
mar.26'69-3m.

1869. SPRING 1869.
OPENING OF NEW SILKS,
OPENING OF NEW SHAWLS,
OPENING OF NEW CHINTZES,
OPENING OF NEW POPLINS,
Full stock of STAPLE and FANCY
SPRING GOODS.
EYRE & LANDELL,
FOURTH AND ARCH STREETS,
Philadelphia,
Mar. 26,'69-3t.

LEHIGH VALLEY AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL WORKS.
BREINIG & HELFRICH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BREINIG'S COMPLETE
BONE MANURE.
A concentrated manure combining the reliable fertilizing properties of BONE DUST or GROUND BONE, with the active elements of PERUVIAN GUANO, AMMONIACAL MATTER, AND
SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
NOTICE.—We prepare but the one article, guaranteeing it as standard, reliable and uniform. Lower grades and variations in quality to suit different ideas of prices are generally produced by different proportions of adulturation. Farmers can save money by reducing the quality themselves. We use only Bone and no Phosphatic Guano for Phosphate of Lime. Send for "Farmers' Manure Guide." For sale at Manufacturer's rate by
A. J. ALBERTSON, Rohrsburg, Pa.
J. J. ROBBINS & Co. Bloomsburg Pa.
Mar.19,'69-6m. WALTER SCOTT, Chinwisas Pa.

PUMPS! PUMPS FOR SALE.
The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of this place and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish, at short notice, one of the best WOODEN PUMPS for Wells and Cisterns ever offered to the public. They are guaranteed to throw more water in less time and with less labor than any other pump in this part of the country and they cannot be surpassed for beauty or finish, or simplicity of arrangement, also combining cheapness and durability. Each pump being warranted to perform its work well or no sale. Elias Shuman is agent for Columbia county, Price 75 cents per foot. Need in the well. Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
Mar. 6,'68-1y ELIAS SHUMAN, Chinwisas Pa.

RAIL ROADS.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
On and after May 20th 1868, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:
NORTHWARD.
4.25 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.
9.50 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.
6.10 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.
TRAINS SOUTHWARD.
2.35 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore.
WILMINGTON AND PHILADELPHIA.
9.30 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD
On and after Nov 30th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going South.		Going North.	
	Leave a. m.	Leave p. m.	Arrive a. m.	Arrive p. m.
Scranton	5.25	4.10	12.05	9.45
			Leave	
Pittston	6.00	4.47	11.30	9.10
Kingston	6.20	5.25	10.57	8.40
Plymouth	6.42	4.55	7.41	8.25
Shickshinny	7.32	5.40	9.08	7.38
Berwick	7.55	6.15	8.30	6.58
Bloom	8.36	6.55	7.46	6.16
Rupert	8.38	7.47	8.18	6.00
Danville	9.04	8.30	7.46	5.23
	Arrive	Arrive	Leave	Leave
North'd	9.43	9.05	7.10	4.45

The 11.10 Train at Scranton makes connections with Express Train for New York at 3 o'clock p. m., arriving in New York 9.50 p. m.
H. A. FONDA, Sup't.

1868. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.—1868.
WINTER TIME TABLE.
THROUGH AND DIRECT ROUTE BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, HARRISBURG, WILLIAMSPORT, AND THE
GREAT OIL REGION OF PENNSYLVANIA.
ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS
On all Night Trains.
On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23rd 1868, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road will run as follows:
WESTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Philadelphia.....10.45 p.m.
" " " Northumberland.....6.10 a.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....9.50p.m
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Philadelphia.....11.50 m.
" " " Nort'd.....6.50 p.m.
" " arr. at Erie.....10.00 a.m.
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....8.00 a.m.
" " " North'd.....4.25 p.m
" " arr. at Lock Haven.....7.45 p.m.
EASTWARD.
MAIL TRAIN leaves Erie.....10.55 a.m.
" " " North'd.....2.35 a.m.
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....10.00 a. m.
ERIE EXPRESS leaves Erie.....6.25 p.m.
" " " Nort'd.....9.30 a.m
" " arr. at Philadelphia.....4.20 p.m.
Mail and Express connects with Oil Creek and Allegheny River Rail Road. Baggage checked through.
A. L. TYLER,
General Superintendent, Williamsport.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 23, 1868, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	Mail North
Dep. 7.50 a.m	Williamsport.	Arr, 6.16 p. m.
" 8.30 "	Muncy.	Dep. 5.41 "
" 8.50 "	Watsontown.	" 5.12 "
" 9.10 "	Milton.	" 4.55 "
" 9.52 "	Danville.	" 4.10 "
" 10.12 "	Ruperts.	" 3.55 "
" 10.25 "	Catawissa.	" 3.35 "
" 11.40 "	Ringtown.	" 2.28 "
" 12.00 p.m.	Susquehanna.	" 1.50 "
" 12.45 "	Quakake.	" 1.40 "
" 1.00 "	E. Mahony June.	" 1.20 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua. Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading.	" 10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia.	" 8.15 "
" 10.30 "	{To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk. From New York via. Mauch Chunk.	7.00 "

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia.
GEO. WEBB Suy't.

READING RAILROAD.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT, Dec. 14th, 1868.
Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin Lebanon Allegtown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3,30, 5,50 and 8,10 a. m., 12,40 noon and 2,05 & 10,00 p.m., connecting with similar trains on the P.a. Railroad, and arriving at New York at 11,00, a.m., & 12,30 noon & 3,30 7,00 & 10,05 p. m. and 6.15 a.m respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 3,50 a. m., and 10.50 p.m. trains without change.
Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Pine Grove, Allentown & Phila'd, at 8,10 a.m., & 2,05 & 4,10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4,10p.m. trains making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3,30 p.m. Returning: Leave New York at 9,00 a.m. and 12,00 m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p.m. Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m, and 3,30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a. m., and 5,10 and 8,00 p.m., trains from N.Y. without change. Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7,30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. railroad returning from Reading at 6,35 p.m stopping at all stations; leave Pottsville at 7,30 & 8,45 a.m. and 2,45 p.m. Shamokin at 5,25 a. m., Ashland at 7,05 a.m and 12,30 p.m., Tamaqua at 8,30 a. m., and 2,29 p.m., for Philadelphia.
Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,10 a.m. and 11,30 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont,
Reading Accommodation Train leaves Reading at 7,30 a.m., returning from Philadelphia at 4,45 p.m.,
Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6,45 a.m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4,00 p.m.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7,00 a.m., and 6-15 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,
Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9,15 a.m., and 5,30 p. m. Returning: Leave Skippack at 8,10 a.m., and 12,45 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad
On Sundays, leave New York at 8,00 p.m., Philadelphia 8,00 a.m. and 5 p.m., the 8,00 a.m. train running only to Reading; Pottsville 9,45 a.m., Harrisburg 5,50 a.m. and 4,10 and 10,50 p.m., and Reading at 1,05 and 3,00 and 7,15 a.m. for Harrisburg, and 12,50 a.m., and 7,31 a.m. for New York, and 4,25 p.m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed to each passenger.
G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.
Reading, Pa., Dec. 14, 1868.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, & WESTERN RAILROAD.—Winter arrangement, 1868-69. Trains leave as follows:

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.	
Accom. Great Bend	Mail	STATIONS.	Mail	Great Bend Accom.
A.M.				
	9.00	New York	4.45	
	7.30	Philadelphia	6.30	
	11.15	New Hampton	2.40	
	11.30	Washington	2.25	
	11.47	Oxford	2.10	
	11.57	Bridgeville	2.00	
	12.05	Manunka Chunk	1.50	
	12.20	Delaware	1.45	
	12.40	Mount Bethel	1.30	
	12.55	Water Gap	1.05	
	1.10	Stroudsburg	12.51	
	1.26	Sprague ville	12.41	
	1.35	Henryville	12.32	
	1.48	Oakland	12.14	
	2.05	Forks	11.56	
	2.20	Tobyhanna	11.37	
	2.40	Gouldsboro	11.21	
	3.02	Moscow	11.00	
	3.13	Dunning	10.50	
A.M.	3.25	Greenville	10.38	
10.30	4.20	Scranton	10.25	6.30
11.00	4.17	Clark's Summit	9.48	6.05
11.30	4.35	Abington	9.40	5.50
12.00	4.41	Factoryville	9.24	5.25
12.25	5.01	Nicholson	9.00	5.01
12.55	5.23	Hopbottom	8.43	4.39
1.20	5.45	Montrose	8.21	3.55
1.50	6.00	New Milford	7.50	3.29
	6.25	Great Bend	7.40	3.10
			A.M.	P.M.

Dinner and supper at Delaware station.
CONNECTIONS.
At New Hampton, with Central R. R. of New Jersey for New York, Elizabeth, Plainfield, Somerville, Easton, &c.
At Washington, with Morris & Essex R. R. for New York, Newark, Morristown, Hackettstown, Easton, &c.
At Manunka Chunk, with Belvidere Delaware R. R., for Philadelphia, Trenton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, &c.
At Scranton, with Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., for Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Bloomsburg, Rupert, Danville, Northumberland, &c., also, with Delaware & Hudson R. R., for Olyphant, Archbald, and Carbondale.
At Great Bend, with Erie Railway, for Binghamton, Elmira, Buffalo, Itinca, Syracuse, and Oswego.
E. A. HENRY,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agent.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
HAVING lately purchased and fitted up the well-known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
RESTAURANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM,
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. (may17'67-6m.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GROCERIES, &c.,

CONFECTIONERY.
The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a
FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,
in the building lately occupied by Bernard Stohner, where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.
BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of
DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,
suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to
BREAD AND CAKES,
of all kinds, fresh every day.
CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHISTMAS TOYS.
A call is solicited, and satisfaction will be guaranteed.
Nov. 23, 1867. ECKHART JACOBS.

REMOVAL OF
C. C. MARR'S
NEW STORE
TO SHIVE'S BLOCK,
ON THE CORNER OF MARKET AND IRON STREETS.
The undersigned having received from the city a full and complete supply of
SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
NOTIONS,
TIN-WARE AND HARD-WARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
CONFECTIONERY, GLASS-WARE,
TOBACCO,
HATS AND SHOES,
FLOUR, SALT, FISH, AND MEAT,
all of which I propose selling at a very low figure for cash or produce.
☞ Call and see.
April 12, 1867. C. C. MARR.

GRAND OPENING
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&c., &c. &c.,
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McKELVY, NEAL & CO.'S,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
Northwest corner of Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
IRON AND NAILS,
In large quantities and at reduced rates, alway on hand.

CHICKERING & SONS,
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS
Received the First Grand Gold Medal, and still higher recompense,
THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, at the
UNIVERSAL E